

Implementation of Non-Animal Approaches for Acute Systemic Toxicity



Grace Patlewicz National Center for Computational Toxicology (NCCT), US EPA

Presenting as co-chair & member of the ICCVAM Acute Toxicity Work Group (ATWG)

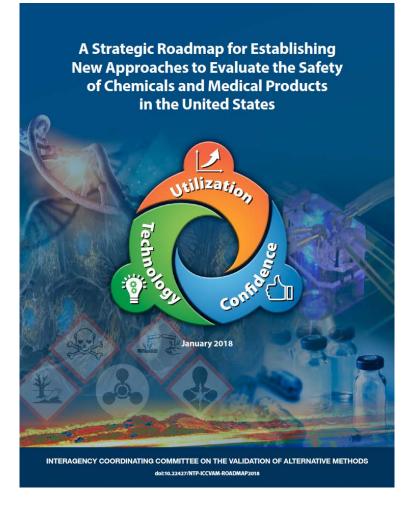
The views expressed in this presentation are those of the author and do not necessarily reflect the views or policies of the U.S. EPA



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- Prachi Pradeep



https://ntp.niehs.nih.gov/go/natl-strategy



- Coordinate activities via ICCVAM Workgroups
- Draft a scoping document to identify U.S. agency requirements, needs, and decision contexts for acute toxicity data
- Coordinate efforts with stakeholders
- Identify, acquire, and curate high quality data from reference test methods
- Identify and evaluate non-animal alternative approaches to acute toxicity testing
- •Gain regulatory acceptance and facilitate use of non-animal approaches



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Acute Toxicity Workgroup

- *Grace Patlewicz (EPA)
- *Donald Cronce (DOD)
- Kent Carlson (CPSC)
- Xinrong Chen (CPSC)
- John Gordon (CPSC)
- Joanna Matheson (CPSC)
- Lyle Burgoon (DOD)
- Natalia Vinas (DOD)
- Jeffery Gearhart (DOD)
- David Mattie (DOD)
- Ronald Meris (DOD)
- Heather Pangburn (DOD)
- Michael Phillips (DOD)
- Emily N. Reinke (DOD)
- Mark Williams (DOD)
- Aiguo Wu (DOD)
- Ryan Vierling (DOT)
- Anna Lowit (EPA)
- Thao (Tina) Pham (EPA)
- Christopher Schlosser (EPA)

- Warren Casey (NIEHS)
- Nicole Kleinstreuer (NIEHS)
- Elizabeth Maull (NIEHS)
- George Fonger (NLM)
- Pertti (Bert) Hakkinen (NLM)
- Surender Ahir (OSHA)
- Deana Holmes (OSHA)

ICATM Liaison Members

- Pilar Prieto Peraita (EURL ECVAM)
- Seung-Tae Chung (KoCVAM)

NICEATM Support Staff (ILS)

- Judy Strickland
- Agnes Karmaus
- David Allen



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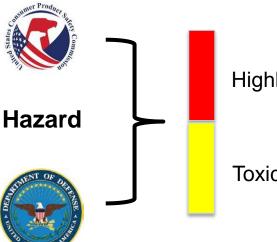


Agencies that Use Acute Oral Toxicity Data



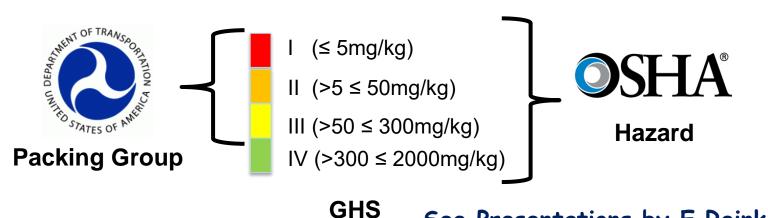
l (≤ 50mg/kg)

II (>50 ≤ 500mg/kg) III (>500 ≤ 5000mg/kg) IV (>5000mg/kg)



Highly toxic (≤50mg/kg)

Toxic (>50-5000mg/kg)



National Center for Computational Toxicology See Presentations by E Reinke, L Scarano

Acute Systemic Toxicity: U.S. Statutes and Regulations

Statute/Regulations					
Federal Hazardous Substances Act (FHSA) (1964): 16 CFR 1500.3: Consumer Products	CPSC				
Poison Prevention Packaging Act (1970): 16 CFR 1700: Hazardous Household Substances	CPSC				
Federal Hazardous Material Transportation Act (1975): 49 CFR 173.132: Transported Substances	DOT				
Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act (U.S.C. Title 7, Chapter 6): 40 CFR 156, 40 CFR 158.500, 40 CFR 158.2140, 40 CFR 158.2230: Pesticides	EPA				
Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA; 1976): 40 CFR 700-799: New or Imported Chemicals	EPA				
Occupational Safety and Health Act (1970): 29 CFR 1910.1200: Workplace Chemicals	OSHA				



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Workshop on Acute Toxicity Testing (2015) **Environmental Protection**

- > 60 participants from industry, academia, and ICCVAM agencies
- Recommendations:

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Agency

Clear understanding of agency requirements

• Strickland et al., Reg Tox Pharm, 2018

Emphasise training and education

NICEATM and PISC outreach/reviewer training

 International harmonisation of existing approaches

ICATM and OECD coordination, NC3Rs satellite

• Use of existing data (curation and sharing efforts) for development of new in vitro and in silico approaches

• ICE, CLA stakeholder discussions, inhalation tox workgroups

🕢 National Taxicology Program

Alternative Approaches for Identifying Acute Systemic Toxicity: Moving From **Research to Regulatory Testing**

September 24 – 25, 2015 9:00 a.m. - 5:00 p.m. **Porter Neuroscience Research Center** National Institutes of Health Bethesda, Maryland For agenda and registration

information, visit http://ntp.niehs.nih.gov/go/atwksp-2015

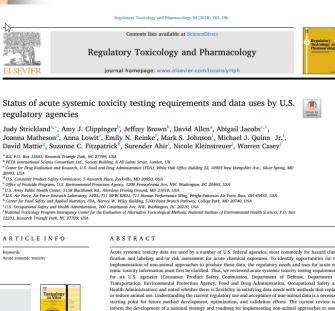
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Alternative approaches for identifying acute systemic toxicity: Moving from research to regulatory testing

Jon Hamm^{a,*}, Kristie Sullivan^b, Amy J. Clippinger^c, Judy Strickland^a, Shannon Bell^a, Barun Bhhatarai^d Bas Blaauboer^e, Warren Casey^f, David Dorman^g, Anna Forsby^h, Natàlia Garcia-Reyeroⁱ, Sean Gehen^j Rabea Graepel^k, Jon Hotchkiss^d, Anna Lowit¹, Joanna Matheson^m, Elissa Reaves¹, Louis Scaranoⁿ, Catherine Sprankle^a, Jay Tunkel^o, Dan Wilson^d, Menghang Xia^p, Hao Zhu^q, David Allen^a

Integrated Laboratory Systems Inc. Research Triangle Park NC USA nittee for Responsible Medicine, 5100 Wisconsin Ave NW, Ste 400, Washington, DC, USA PETA International Science Consortium Ltd. London, UK The Dow Chemical Company, Midland, MI, USA nstitute for Risk Assessment Sciences. Division of Toxicology. Utrecht University. Utrecht Netherland ITP Interagency Center for the Evaluation of Alternative Toxicological Methods, Research Triangle Park, NC, USA North Carolina State University, Raleigh, NC, USA North Carolina State Oniversity, Narcogn, NC, Ossi Stockholm University and Swedish Toxicology Sciences Research Center (Swetox), Södertälje, Sweden US Army Engineer Research and Development Center, Alexandria, VA, USA Dow AgraSciences, Indianapolis, IN, USA * European Union Reference Laboratory for Alternatives to Animal Testing, Ispra, Italy ¹¹ U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Office of Pesticide Programs, Washington, DC, USA ¹¹ U.S. Consumer Product Safety Commission, Washington, DC, USA U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Office of Pollution Prevention and Toxics, Washington, DC, USA SRC, Inc., Syracuse, NY, USA P National Center for Advancing Translational Sciences. Rockville. MD. US Department of Chemistry Rutgers University-Camden, Camden, NJ, USA



Acute systemic toxicity data are used by a number of U.S. federal agencies, most commonly for hazard clas fication and labeling and/or risk assessment for acute chemical exposures. To identify opportunities for the implementation of non-animal approaches to produce these data, the regulatory needs and uses for acute sys temic toxicity information must first be clarified. Thus, we reviewed acute systemic toxicity testing requirement Transportation, Environmental Protection Agency, Food and Drug Administration, Occupational Safety and Health Administration) and noted whether there is flexibility in satisfying data needs with methods that replace starting point for future method development, optimization, and validation efforts. The current review will inform the development of a national strategy and roadmap for implementing non-animal approaches to asses potential hazards associated with acute exposures to industrial chemicals and medical products. The Acute Foxicity Workgroup of the Interagency Coordinating Committee on the Validation of Alternative Method (ICCVAM), U.S. agencies, non-governmental organizations, and other stakeholders will work to execute thi strategy.



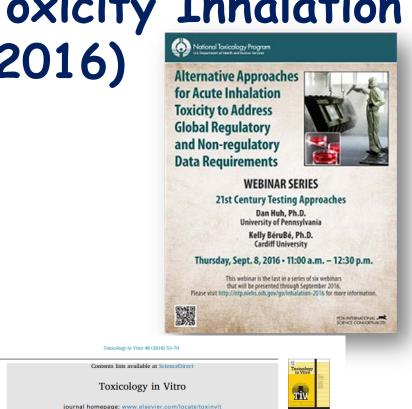


Workshop on Acute Toxicity Inhalation Testing (2016)

- 2016 webinar series & workshop
- > 50 participants from industry, NGOs, academia, and ICCVAM agencies
 - Developing a database of existing acute systemic toxicity data
 - Preparing a state-of-the-science review on mechanisms and non-animal approaches for acute inhalation toxicity (final draft under review & internal clearance)
 - Summarising global regulatory and non regulatory data requirements (workshop report)

Clippinger et al., Tox in Vitro, 2018

- Developing an in silico decision tree
- Designing and conducting an in vitro proof-of-concept



Alternative approaches for acute inhalation toxicity testing to address global regulatory and non-regulatory data requirements: An international workshop report

Amy J. Clippinger^{a,*}, David Allen^b, Annie M. Jarabek^c, Marco Corvaro^d, Marianna Gaça^s, Sean Gehenⁱ, Jon A. Hotchkiss⁶, Grace Patlewicz^h, Jodie Melbourne^{*}, Paul Hinderliterⁱ, Miyoung Yoon¹, Dongeun Huh^k, Anna Lowit¹, Barbara Buckley^c, Michael Bartels^m, Kelly BéruBéⁿ, Daniel M. Wilson^s, Ian Indans^c, Mathieu Vinken^p

⁸ PETA International Science Convortium Liel, London, UK ⁹ Integrated Laboratory Systems, contractor supporting the NTP Interagency Center for the Evaluation of Alternative Taxicological Methods, Research Triangle Park, NC United States ⁴ US. Binviewnman, Protection, Agoncy, Office of Research and Development, National Center for Environmental Assessment, Research Triangle Park, NC, United State ⁴ Dow Agrifications, Ahingdon, UK ⁴ British Manricon Tobacco, London, UK ⁴ British Manricon Tobacco, London, UK ⁴ British Manricon Tobacco, London, UK, United States ⁴ The Dow Chemical Computery, Mulland, ML, United States ⁴ Dos MyroSiences, NC, United States ⁵ Syngemic, Greensboro, NC, United States ⁵ Syngemic, Greensboro, NC, United States

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<sup>k</sup> University of Pennsylvania, Philadelphia, PA, United States
<sup>1</sup>U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention, Office of Pesticide Programs, Washington, DC, United States
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- ^m ToxMetrics.com, LLC, Midland, MI, United States
 ⁿ Cardiff University, School of Biosciences, Cardiff, Wales, UK
- ^o Health and Safety Executive, London, UK
- ^P Free University of Brussels-Belgium, Brussels, Belgium

Workshop on Acute Toxicity Testing (2017)



~50 international participants ICATM Regional Updates:

o Europe, Japan, Korea, Brazil

U.S. National Strategy and Roadmap

Industry Perspectives:

- Current regulatory climate
- \circ GHS additivity calculations

International Harmonisation:
 OECD coordination
 ECVAM perspectives on

credibility and validation

 \circ Cosmetics Europe skin sensitisation collaboration

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Establishing a dataset of acute oral toxicity Linited States Establishing a dataset of acute oral toxicity See Agnes Karmaus's presentation

Database Resource	Rows of Data (number of LD50 values)	Unique CAS	
ECHA (ChemProp)	5533	2136	<u>Rat oral LD50s</u> :
JRC AcutoxBase	637	138	16,297 chemicals total
NLM HSDB	4082	2238	34,508 LD50 values
OECD (eChemPortal)	10206	2314	Require unique LD50 values
PAI (NICEATM)	364	293	with mg/kg units
TEST (NLM ChemIDplus)	13689	13545	15,688 chemicals total 21,200 LD50 values



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SEPA Identify and evaluate non-animal alternative approaches to acute toxicity testing

- Establish a dataset of rat oral acute toxicity study LD50 data 🙂
- \bullet Evaluate the variability of the experimental data collected
 - to inform data curation efforts
 - to inform considerations for evaluating performance and coverage of existing models
 - to inform considerations for new model development
- \bullet Identify endpoints to be modeled based on ICCVAM agency needs $\textcircled{\sc op}$
- Evaluate existing models for acute toxicity
- Investigate the feasibility of developing new models for acute toxicity
- Initiate a project to leverage the expertise of the international modelling © community to develop predictive models of acute oral toxicity
- Evaluate the applicability of the existing and new models for chemistries of interest to ICCVAM agencies

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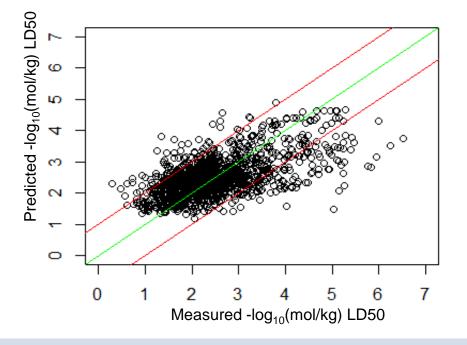
Evaluating existing in silico models

Model	Number of substances in dataset	Number of substances that could be predicted	Accuracy for substances with one Value	Accuracy for substances with multiple values	Overall Accuracy
TIMES Model	1787	315 (17.6%)	85 of 93 (91%)	206 of 222 (93%)	291 of 315 (92%)
TEST-Acute Oral Consensus Model	1787	1673 (93.6%)	433 of 490 (88%)	1092 of 1183 (92%)	1525 of 1673 (91%)

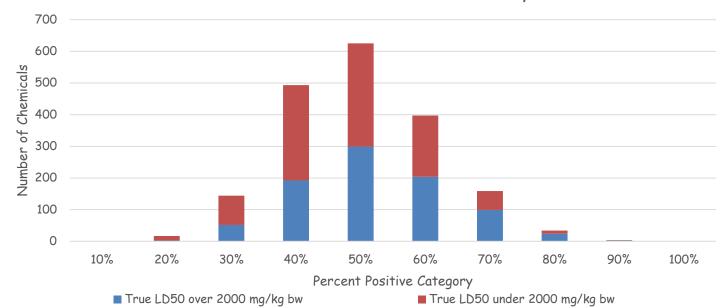
Fitzpatrick et al., Presented at ASCCT 2017; SOT 2018, manuscript in preparation EPA NCCT - NICEATM

Sepa Identify and evaluate non-animal alternative approaches to acute toxicity testing

- Developing new models:
- Global Regression Model



• Global Random Forest Model



• Model for predicting compounds over and under a LD50 of 2000 mg/kg bw had an accuracy of 57%, a balanced accuracy of 56%, a sensitivity of 57%, and a specificity of 56%.

Over/Under Model For Acute Toxicity

 Global ridge regression model used both experimental and predicted ToxCast[™] and Tox21 assay outcomes as descriptors.

• Training set (4164), Test set (1387)

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 * 85% of the substances were found to be within one log unit of their predicted LD50 value.

Fitzpatrick et al., Presented at ASCCT 2017; SOT 2018, manuscript in preparation

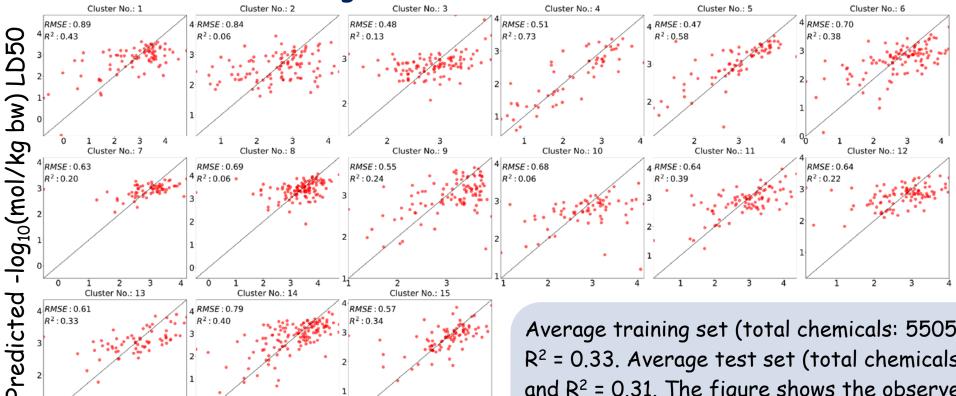
EPA Identify and evaluate non-animal alternative nvironmental Protect approaches to acute toxicity testing

• Developing new models:

RMSE: 0.79

Observed log₁₀(mol/kg bw) LD50

Local Cluster-based Regression Model



Average training set (total chemicals: 5505) RMSE = 0.65 and R^2 = 0.33. Average test set (total chemicals: 1377) RMSE = 0.65 and $R^2 = 0.31$. The figure shows the observed versus predicted plot for each cluster for the external test dataset. Some clusters performed significantly better than others with R² > 0.4.

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R²:0.33

Fitzpatrick et al., Presented at SOT 2018, manuscript in preparation

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SEPA Identify and evaluate non-animal alternative Agency approaches to acute toxicity testing

See Kamel Mansouri's presentation

 Initiate a project to leverage the expertise of the international modelling community to develop predictive models of acute oral toxicity

• 32 groups from the US, Europe, and Asia responded with 135 models for LD50, EPA and GHS categories, and binary nontoxic vs all others and very toxic vs all others.



- Outlined ATWG charges
- Substantial progress has been made in outlining the decision contexts, needs and gathering the acute data to inform the array of in silico modelling efforts
- This workshop is critical to practically actualising the ATWG implementation plan