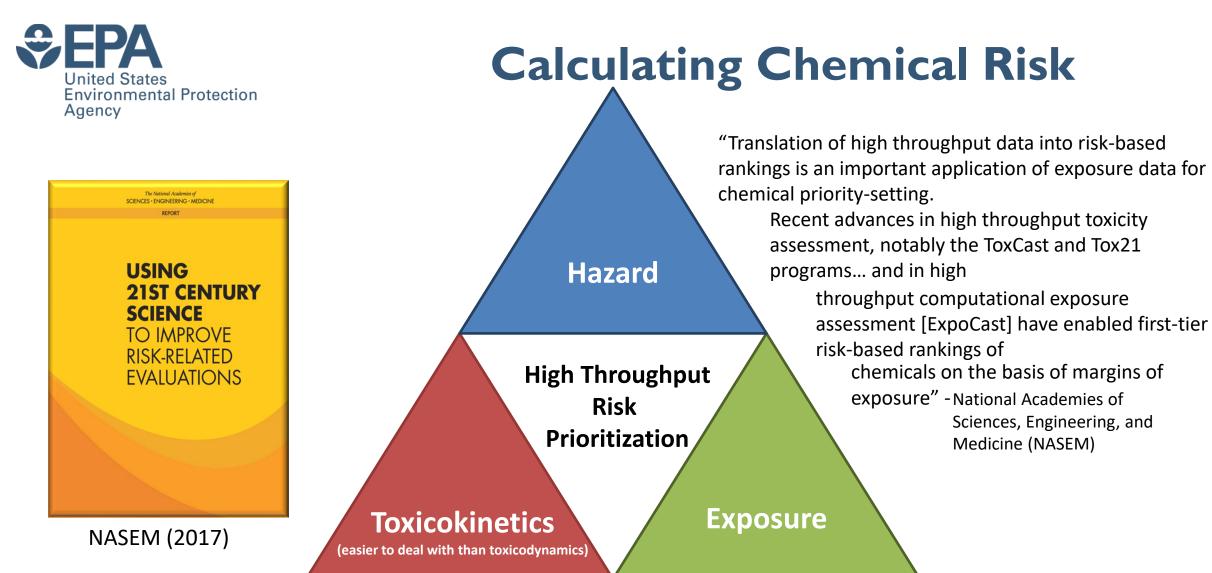


United States Environmental Protection Agency

EPA Exposure Forecasting (ExpoCast)

John Wambaugh Center for Computational Toxicology and Exposure Office of Research and Development U.S. Environmental Protection Agency wambaugh.john@epa.gov <u>https://orcid.org/0000-0002-4024-534X</u>

> The views expressed in this presentation are those of the author and do not necessarily reflect the views or policies of the U.S. EPA



New approach methodologies (NAMs) enable risk assessors to more rapidly address public health challenges and chemical regulation



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Exposure NAM Class	Description	Traditional Approach	Measureme	Toxicokineti	Models	Descriptors	Evaluation	Machine Lear
Measurements	New techniques including screening analyses capable of detecting hundreds of chemicals present in a sample	Targeted (chemical-specific) analyses	-	•	•	•		•
Toxicokinetics	High throughput methods using <i>in vitro</i> data to generate chemical-specific models	Analyses based on in vivo animal studies	•	-		•		•
HTE Models	Models capable of making predictions for thousands of chemicals	Models requiring detailed, chemical- and scenario-specific information	•	•	-	•		
Chemical Descriptors	Informatic approaches for organizing chemical information in a machine-readable format	Tools targeted at single chemical analyses by humans				-		•
Evaluation	Statistical approaches that use the data from many chemicals to estimate the uncertainty in a prediction for a new chemical	Comparison of model predictions to data on a per chemical basis	•	•	•	•	-	•
Machine Learning	Computer algorithms to identify patterns	Manual Inspection of the Data	•	•		•		-
Prioritization	Integration of exposure and other NAMs to identify chemicals for follow-up study	Expert decision making	•	•	•	•	•	•

Wambaugh et al., (2019)



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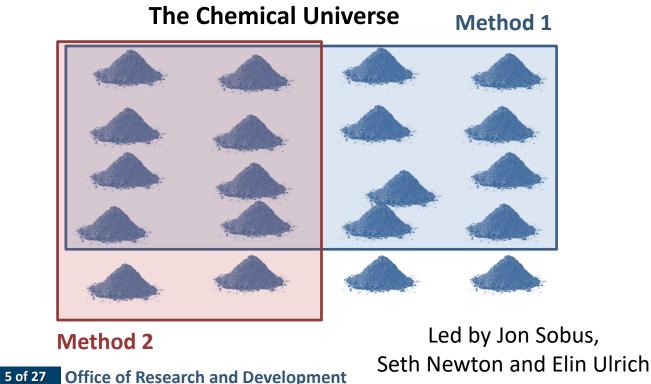
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EPA's Non-Targeted Analysis Collaborative Trial (ENTACT)

- Suspect screening / Non-targeted analyses (SSA/NTA) present opportunities for new exposure data
- What NTA methods are available? What is the coverage of chemical universe and matrices? How do methods differ in their coverage?



SALBERTA Duke 😥 Agilent Technologies EMORY eawag AB SCIEX San Diego State University SCRIPPS Pacific lorthwes Oregon State NC STATE Wisconsin State Laboratory of Hygiene Waters UF FLORIDA HE SCIENCE OF Mount UNIVERSITY® Sinai BIRMINGHAM

- Phase 1:
 - Collaborators provided 10 mixtures of 100-400 ToxCast chemicals each
 - Mass spectrometry equipment vendors provided with individual chemical standards
- Phase 2: Fortified reference house dust, human serum, and silicone wristbands

Ulrich et al. (2019) Sobus et al. (2019)



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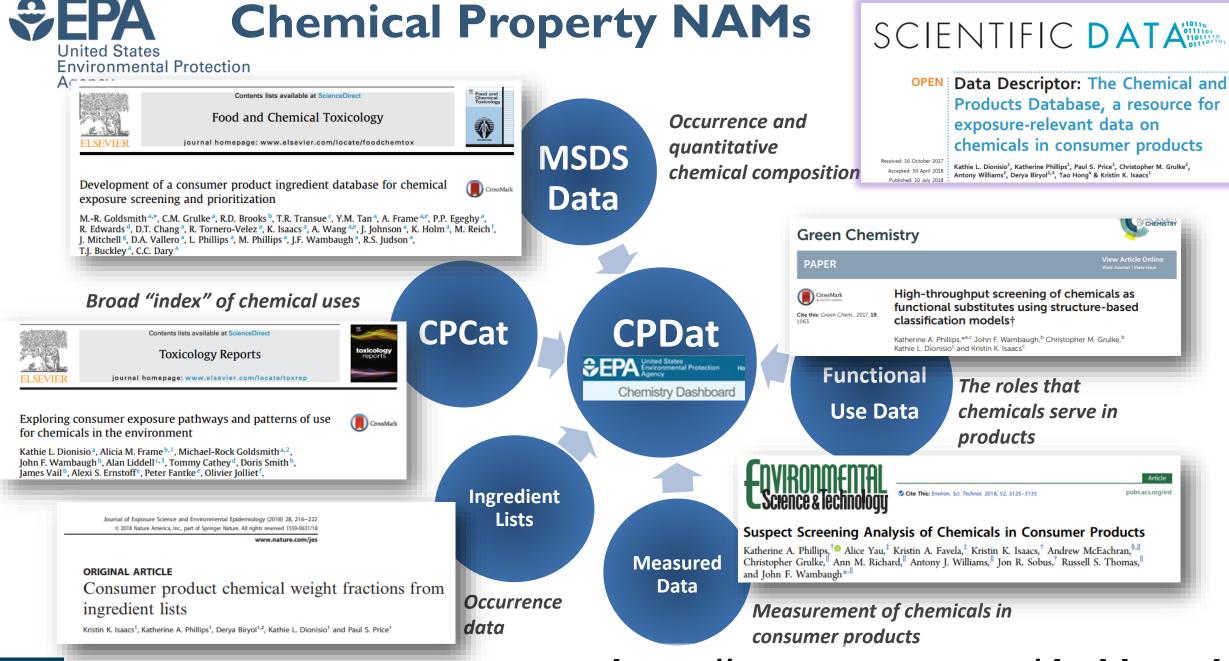
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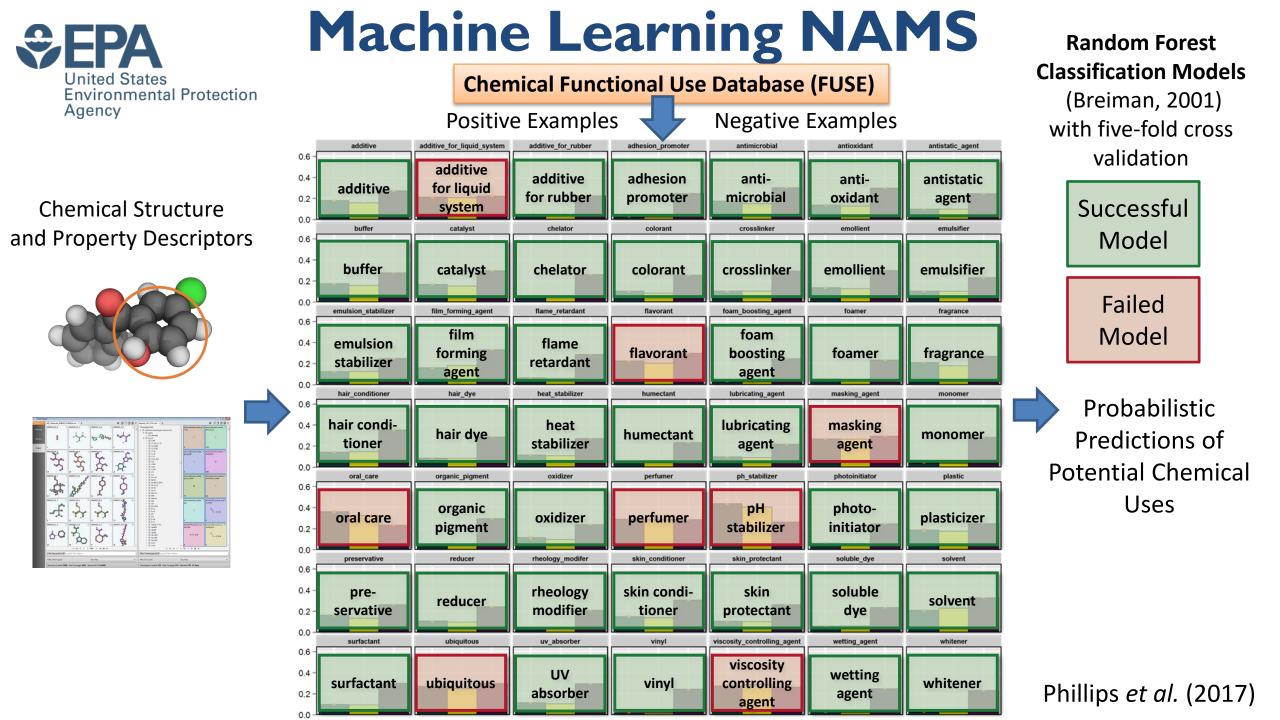
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Wambaugh et al., (2019)

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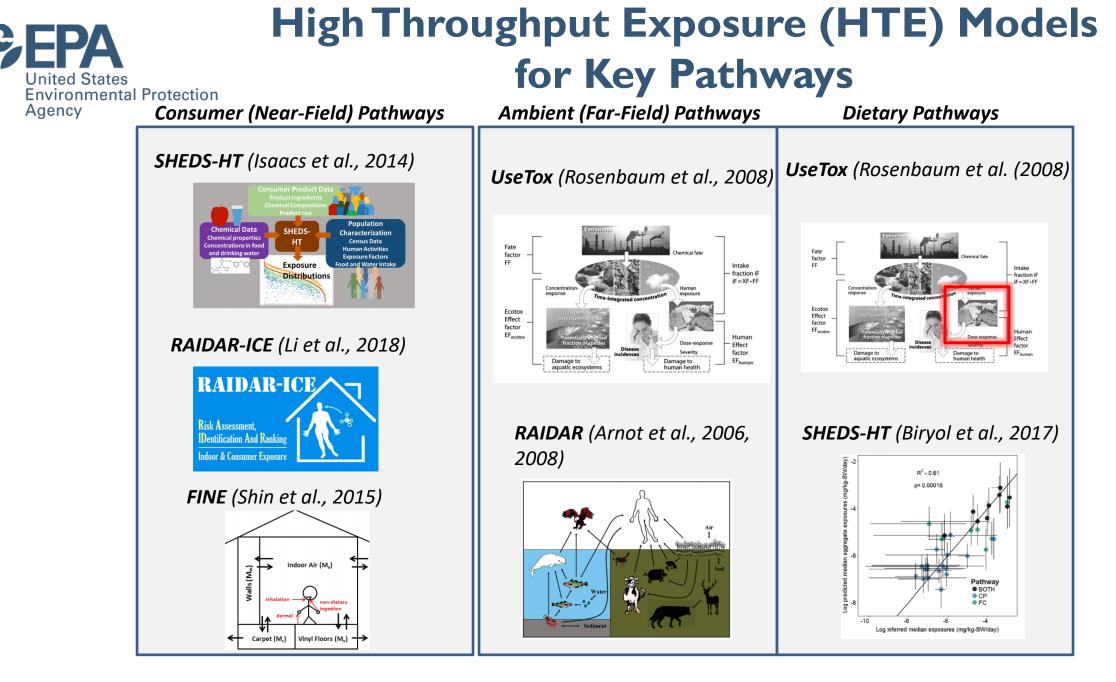
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Slide from Kristin Isaacs



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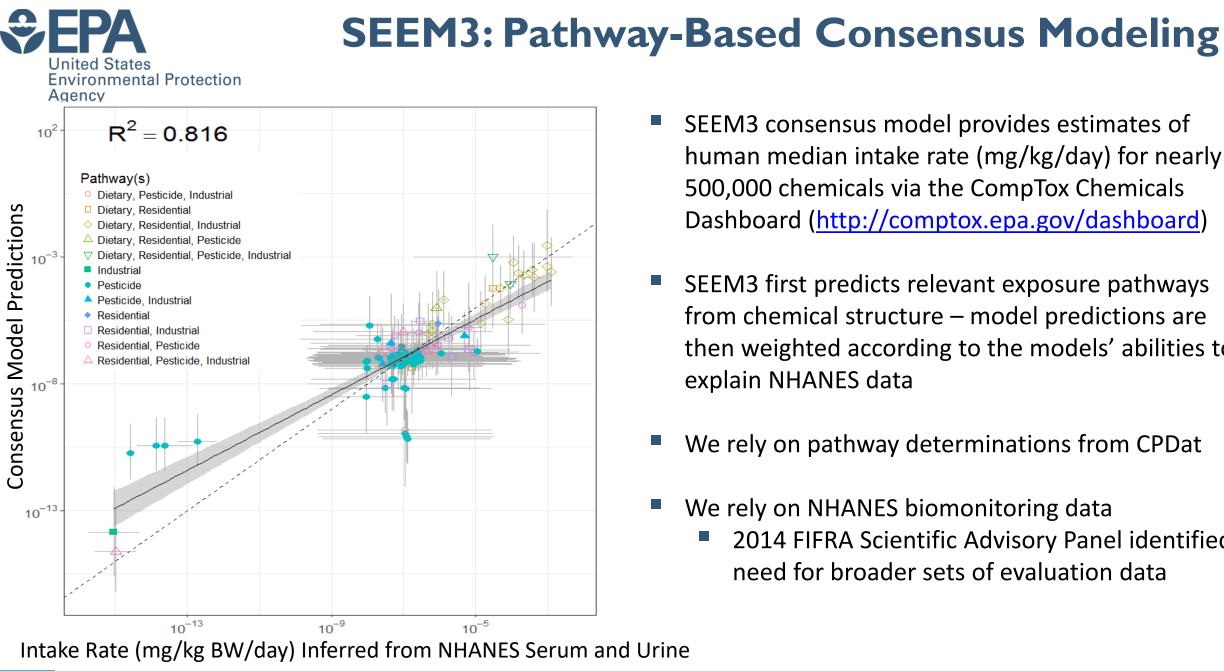
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Wambaugh et al., (2019)

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SEEM3 consensus model provides estimates of human median intake rate (mg/kg/day) for nearly 500,000 chemicals via the CompTox Chemicals Dashboard (<u>http://comptox.epa.gov/dashboard</u>)

- SEEM3 first predicts relevant exposure pathways from chemical structure – model predictions are then weighted according to the models' abilities to explain NHANES data
- We rely on pathway determinations from CPDat
- We rely on NHANES biomonitoring data
 - 2014 FIFRA Scientific Advisory Panel identified need for broader sets of evaluation data



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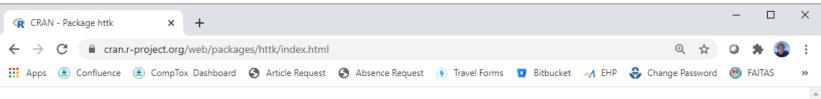
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Prioritization	Integration of exposure and other NAMs to identify chemicals for follow-up study	Expert decision making	•	•	•	•	•	•

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Open-Source Tools and Data for HTTK

https://CRAN.R-project.org/package=httk



httk: High-Throughput Toxicokinetics

Generic models and chemical-specific data for simulation and statistical analysis of chemical toxicokinetics Pearce et al. (2017) <<u>doi:10.18637/jss.v079.i04</u>>. Chemical-specific in vitro data have been obtained from r experiments. Both physiologically-based ("PBTK") and empirical (for example, one compartment) "TK" me parameterized with the data provided for thousands of chemicals, multiple exposure routes, and various spec of systems of ordinary differential equations which are solved using compiled (C-based) code for speed. A N included, which allows for simulating human biological variability (Ring et al., 2017 <<u>doi:10.1016/j.envint.</u> propagating parameter uncertainty. Calibrated methods are included for predicting tissue:plasma partition cc distribution (Pearce et al., 2017 <<u>doi:10.1007/s10928-017-9548-7</u>>). These functions and data provide a set vivo extrapolation ("IVIVE") of high throughput screening data (for example, Tox21, ToxCast) to real-world dosimetry (also known as "RTK") (Wetmore et al. 2015 <<u>doi:10.1093/toxeci/bfu171></u>)

Version: Depends:	$R_{(\geq 2.10)}^{2.0.3}$ downloads 1071/month	
Imports:	deSolve, msm, data.table, survey, mvtnorm, trunchorm, stats, graphics, utils, <u>magritir, p</u>	
Suggests:	<u>ggplot2, knitr, rmarkdown, R.rsp, GGally, gplots, scales, EnvStats, MASS, RColorBrev</u> <u>classInt, ks, stringr, reshape, reshape2, gdata, viridis, CensRegMod, gmodels, colorspac</u> <u>dplyr, forcats, smatr, gtools, gridExtra</u>	
Published:	2020-09-25	
Author:	John Wambaugh ([aut, cre], Robert Pearce ([aut], Caroline Ring ([aut], Greg Sfeir [aut], Matt Linakis ([aut], Jimena Davis [ctb], James Sluka ([ctb], Nisha Si Wetmore ([ctb], Woodrow Setzer ([ctb])	
Maintainer:	John Wambaugh <wambaugh.john at="" epa.gov=""></wambaugh.john>	
RugRenorts:	https://github.com/USEPA/CompTox-ExpoCast-httk	

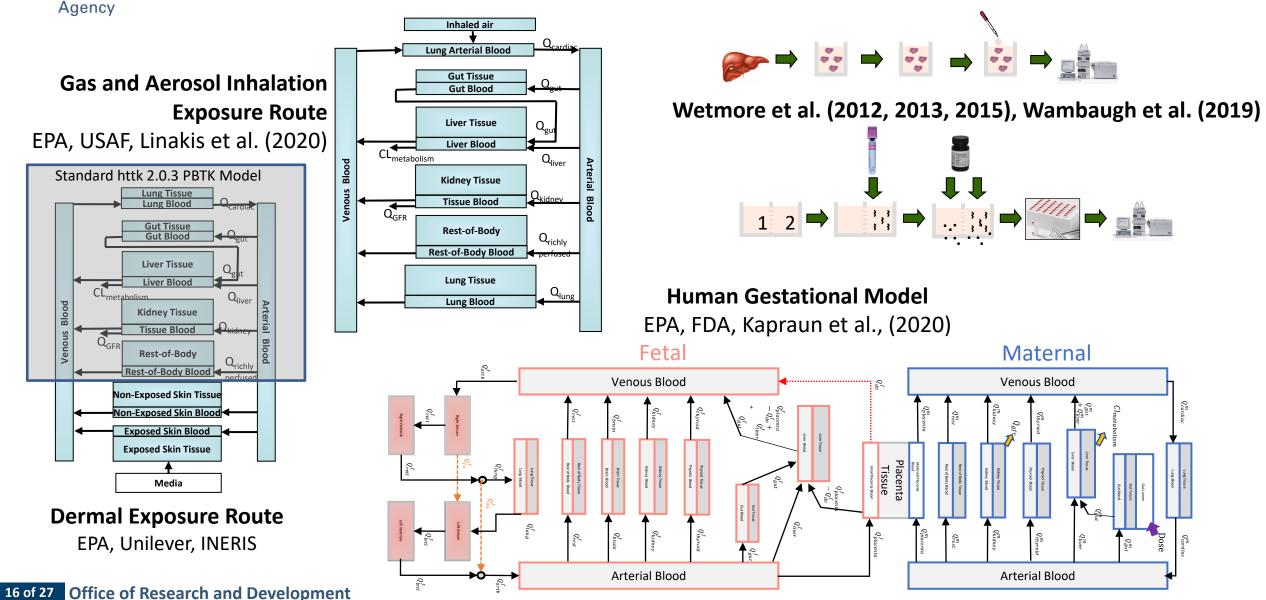
R package "httk"

- Open source, transparent, and peerreviewed tools and data for high throughput toxicokinetics (httk)
- Available publicly for free statistical software R
- Allows *in vitro-in vivo* extrapolation (IVIVE) and physiologically-based toxicokinetics (PBTK)
- Human-specific data for 987 chemicals
- Described in Pearce et al. (2017)



Blood

Toxicokinetics NAMs: In Vitro Measurements and Generic **PBTK Models**





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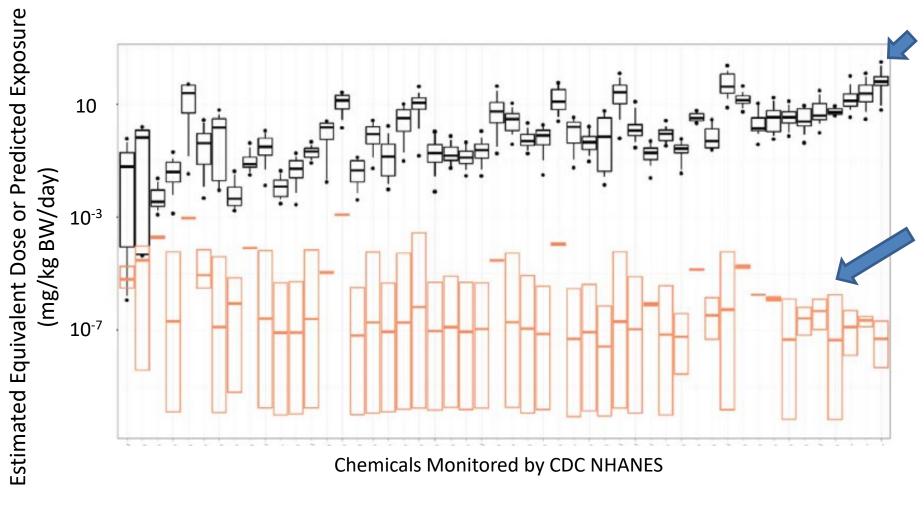
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Wambaugh et al., (2019)

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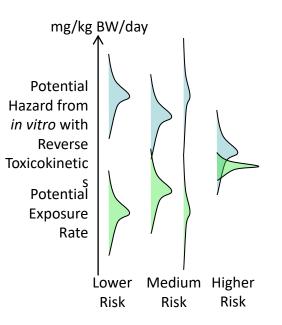


Chemical Prioritization NAMs



High throughput *in vitro* screening can estimate doses needed to cause bioactivity (for example, Wetmore et al., 2015)

Exposure intake rates can be inferred from biomarkers (for example, Ring et al., 2018)



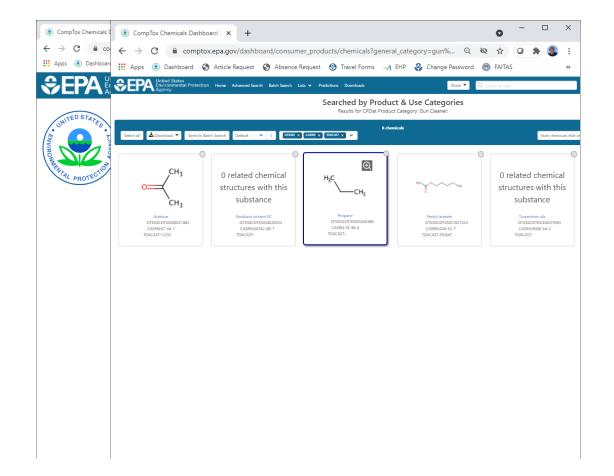
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Ring *et al*. (2017)

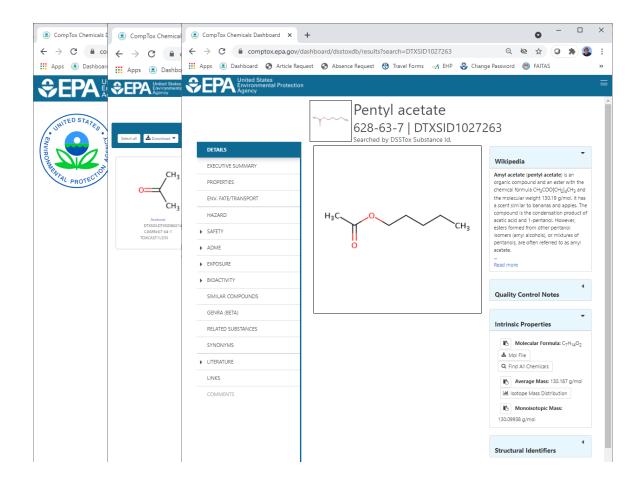


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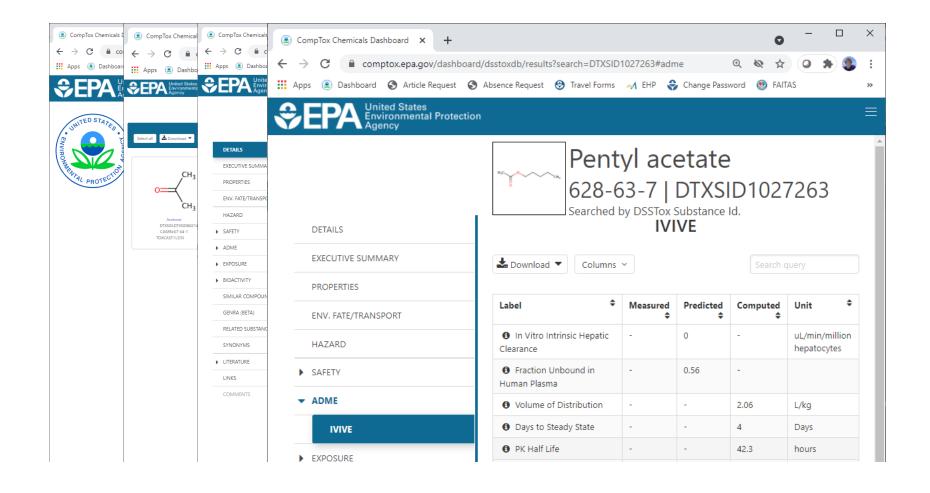














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US EPA's ExpoCast Project:

New Approach Methodologies for Exposure Forecasting

"Investment in 21st century exposure science is now required to fully realize the potential of the NRC vision for toxicity testing." Cohen Hubal (2009)

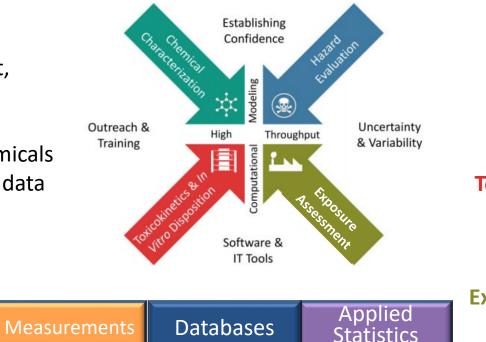
Lovell and Hegstad (2009): "Obama's FY10 Budget Includes Increased Toxicology":

- Funding allows for complementary exposure predictions from ExpoCast, which is slated to be launched in FY10
- Predict the impact of chemicals on the human body using data from ToxCast

Machine

Learning

Ambient

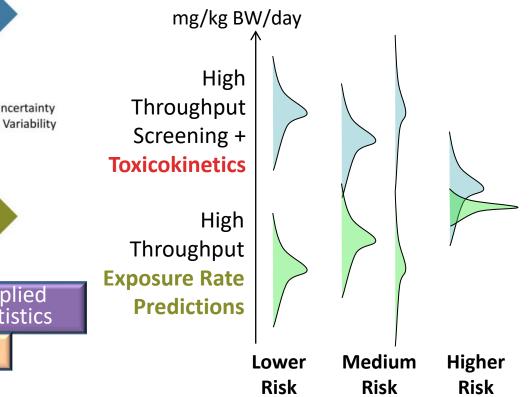


Ecological

Occupational

Since 2010:

- 65 peer-reviewed publications
- 5 STAR grants awarded
- 3 Federal research contracts (SWRI and Battelle)



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Consumer

ExpoCast is

Models

ExpoCast Project (Exposure Forecasting)

Center for Computational Toxicology and Exposure

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ExpoCast was initiated in 2009 by Elaine Cohen-Hubal



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