

# Assessing Community Impacts of Restoring Coastal Wetlands in an Urban Great Lakes Estuary

Jules Witts, Theodore Angradi, Sophia Green, Joel Hoffman, Thomas Hollenhorst, Jennifer Josephs, Jonathon Launspach, Keahna Margeson, Sebastian Paczuski, Mark Pearson, Molly Wick, Kathleen Williams

Great Lakes Toxicology and Ecology Division Duluth, Minnesota

Jules Witts I witts.jules@epa.gov I 218-529-5057

## Background

## **Location and History**

Pickle Pond is a wetland embayment located on the Superior, Wisconsin waterfront in the St. Louis River Estuary and is part of the St. Louis River Area of Concern (SLRAOC). Pickle Pond was created from the construction of a rail line in the Superior Bay in 1880, effectively establishing a sheltered shallow habitat for fish and wildlife.



## **Current Conditions**

## **Habitat Quality**

Due to the construction of the rail line, Pickle Pond has limited hydrological exchange with the St. Louis River and is impacted by chemical contamination, habitat degradation, and stormwater runoff. Pickle Pond is also impaired by abandoned industrial infrastructure and debris.

## **Amenities and Aesthetics**

Pickle Pond embayment is adjacent to the Osaugie trail which features a small fishing pier and a parking lot. Pickle Pond also lies adjacent to Barker's Island which is a popular recreation spot that includes a beach, a museum, marina, hotel, and the Lake Superior National Estuarine Research Reserve. However, the site is impacted due to contamination concerns, degraded aesthetics related to litter and water quality concerns, and limited recreation opportunities.

## Our Research



ncreased and

Recreational

- We plan to study the human wellbeing benefits of ecological restoration.
- Benefits are likely to be related to improved aesthetics, reduced health risk, and increased and improved recreational opportunities.
- We will document the change in environmental aesthetics to better understand how the improvement of ecological and physical conditions may increase human wellbeing benefits through potential enhanced user experiences and expanded recreation opportunities.

## **Restoration Plans**

## Project Goals Remediate Contaminated

Sediment

- Deepen the pond for better fish habitat
- better fish habitatEnhance habitat for native
- vegetation and remove invasive species
- Improve connectivity between the pond and the St. Louis River Estuary

## **Remedial Site Activities**

Removing contaminated sediments

**Contaminated Sediment Removal** 

- Sediment dewatering
- Water Treatment
- Offsite disposal of the contaminated sediments

## **Habitat Restoration**

### **Restoration Site Activities**

- Construction of wetland areas
- Installation of hydrodynamic seperator
- Additional openings to Barker's Bay
- Removal of railroad tracks and a railroad bridge
- Seeding and planting of native plants around the pond and on the railroad berm

## Methods

## **Data Collection**



Aesthetics Survey

- Aims to capture the physical environment and user experience



Intercept Survey
- Focuses on recreational opportunities and community participation



Trail Counters, Trail Cameras, and a Web Camera
- Counts people and captures recreational activities

Baseline data (pre-restoration) was conducted in 2021 and 2022. Restoration construction will begin in 2022. Data are being collected in the form of surveys, counters and cameras (see left). To our knowledge, this is the first coastal wetland restoration project in the Great Lakes where pre- and post-project ecological and social monitoring will be conducted to measure the combined effect on ecological health and community wellbeing.

## Preliminary Results



 Year
 Site
 Jan Feb
 Mar
 Apr
 May
 Jun
 Jul
 Aug
 Sep
 Oct
 Nov
 Dec
 ADT<sup>†</sup> x365
 Days with da

 2020
 OTR\_S47410
 9,767\*
 2,966
 2,665
 1,254
 1,044
 619
 85.832
 31,415
 17

 PPN\_S47409
 17
 1,291\*
 640
 80
 67
 165
 103
 10.913
 3,994
 17

 PPS\_S47411
 436\*
 185
 87
 20
 37
 43
 3.775
 1,381
 17

 2021
 OTR\_S47410
 557
 325
 1,085
 1,520
 2,032
 2,744
 2,628\*
 50.064
 18,273
 20

 PPN\_S47409
 26
 48
 66
 301
 1,047
 703
 365
 460
 338\*
 12.317
 4,496
 26

 PPS\_S47411
 0
 14
 27
 129
 284
 257
 212\*
 4255
 1,553
 20

