The Changing Toxicology Landscape: Challenges and Innovations for Application of NAMs



UK Food Standards Agency NAM Workshop

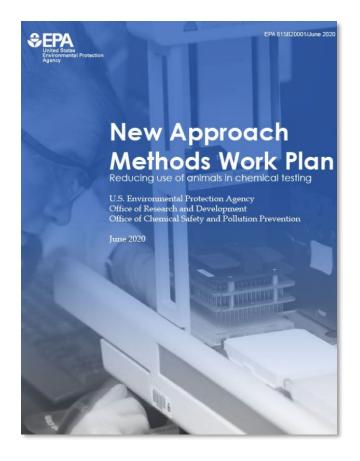
October 7, 2021

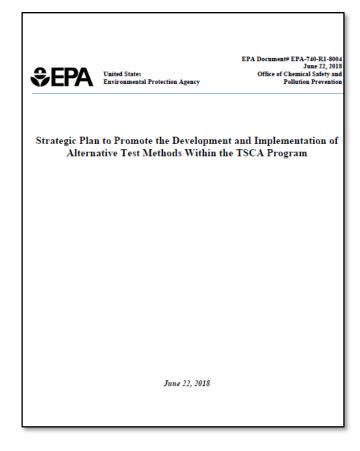
Rusty Thomas
Director
Center for Computational Toxicology and Exposure

The views expressed in this presentation are those of the presenter and do not necessarily reflect the views or policies of the U.S. EPA



Our Roadmaps...





TOXICOLOGICAL SCIENCES, 169(2), 2019, 317-332

Advance Access Publication Date: March 5, 2019

The Next Generation Blueprint of Computational Toxicology at the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency

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Disclaimer: The U.S. Environmental Protection Agency has provided administrative review and has approved this article for publication. The view expressed in this article are those of the authors and do not necessarily affect the views of the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency.

ABSTRACT

The U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) is faced with the challenge of efficiently and credibly evaluating chemical safety often with limited or no available toxicity data. The expanding number of chemicals found in commerce and the environment, coupled with time and resource requirements for traditional toxicity testing and exposure characterization

Published by Oxford University Press on behalf of the Society of Toxicology 2019.

This work is written by US Government employees and is in the public domain in the US.

Focused on Agency-wide action

Focused on TSCA

Focused on research



How is the Landscape of Toxicology Changing?

- Many groups are systematically addressing the limitations of current NAMs
- Accepting that there is likely not a primary mechanism/mode of action for most environmental/industrial chemicals
- Working through how to assemble NAMs in a coherent, practical, fit for purpose testing framework
- Understanding how to benchmark new approaches
- Grappling with the issue of protection vs. prediction in our current and future approaches
- Developing a flexible and fit for purpose validation/confidence framework to evaluating new approaches
- Quantifying public health and economic trade-offs of testing more chemicals/faster
- Don't underestimate organizational inertia...





Scientific and Technical Challenges Associated with NAMs



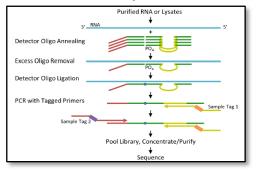
- Limited coverage of important cellular and intracellular processes
- Relatively short duration exposures and extrapolation to chronic effects
- Extrapolating context-dependent molecular/pathway changes to adverse responses in organs and tissues
- Limited metabolic capacity
- "Black box" predictions
- Limited chemical domain of applicability
- Complex data interpretation
- Cross-species extrapolation
- •



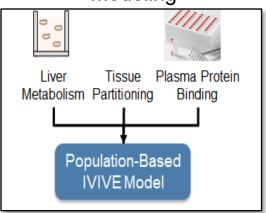
Research Activities and Innovations to Overcome

Those Challenges...

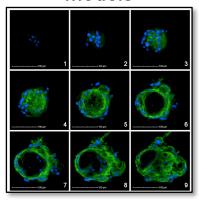
Whole Genome Transcriptomics



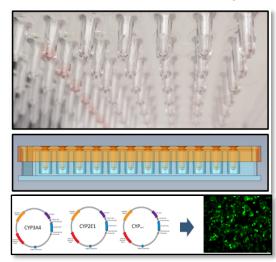
Toxicokinetic
Measurements and
Modeling



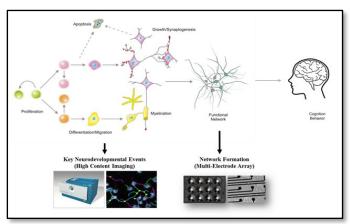
Organotypic Culture Models



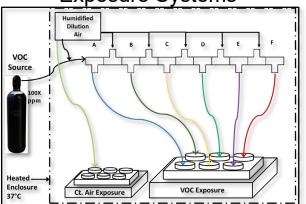
Metabolic Retrofitting



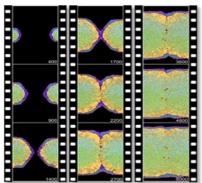
Integrated Approach to Testing and Assessment for DNT



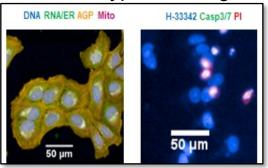
Volatile/Aerosol *In Vitro*Exposure Systems



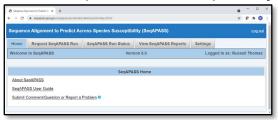
Virtual Tissue Models



Multi-Parameter Cellular Phenotypic Profiling

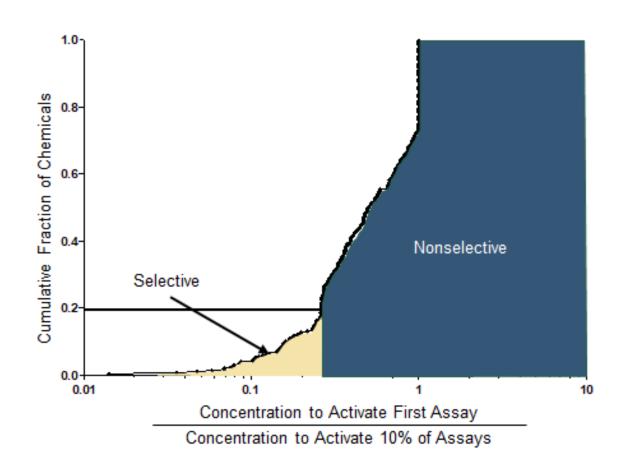


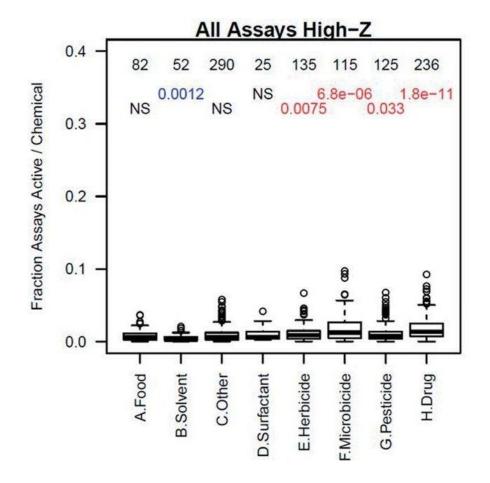
Sequence Alignment to Predict Across Species Susceptibility





Greater Understanding that Most Chemicals Non-Selectively Interact with Biological Systems







Working to Assemble NAMs into a Practical Testing Framework



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dok: 10.1093/hoxes/kfb058 Advance Access Publication Date: March 5, 2019

FORUM

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¹To whom correspondence should be addinated at National Center for Computational Toxicology, Office of Research and Development, U.S. and Code: D145-02, Research Principle Park, NC 2711. Rac [919] \$45-194.
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Disclaimer: The U.S. Environmental Protection Agency has provided administrative review and has approved this article for publication. The views expressed in this article are those of the authors and do not necessarily sefect the views of the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency.

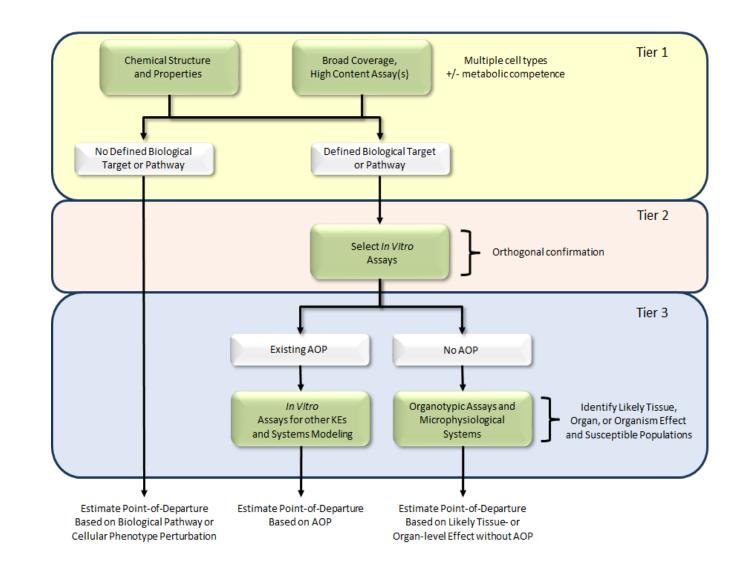
ABSTRACT

The U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (PPA) is faced with the challenge of efficiently and credibly evaluating chemical safety often with limited or no available toxicity data. The expanding number of chemicals found in commerce and the environment, coupled with time and resource requirements for traditional toxicity testing and exposure characterization,

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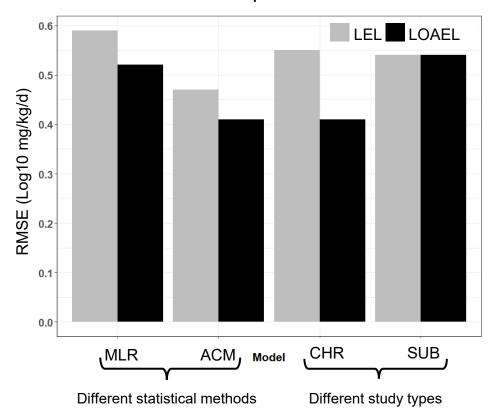
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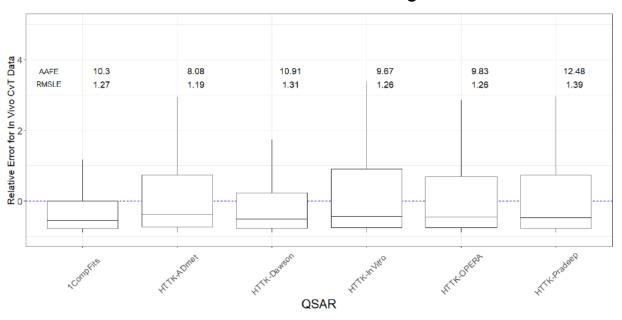
Understanding How to Benchmark Approaches

Evaluating LEL/LOAEL Variability in Traditional Toxicity Studies to Set Expectations for NAMs



Using an RMSE=0.59, the 95% Prediction Interval of an LEL/LOAEL is +/- 10-fold (e.g., 1 mg/kg/day, 0.07 – 14)

Comparing *In Silico, In Vitro,* and *In Vivo* Data for Toxicokinetic Modeling



Wambaugh et al., QSAR2021 meeting poster

Pham et al., Comp Toxicol., 2020



Grappling With the Issue of Protection vs Prediction

Limited Qualitative Concordance of Rodent and Human Toxicological Responses

Concordance of the Toxicity of Pharmaceuticals in Humans and in Animals Harry Olson, ¹ Craham Betton, ² Denise Robinson, ² Karluss Thomas, ³ Alastair Monro, ¹ Gerald Kolaja, ⁴ Patrick Lilly, ⁶ James Sanders, ⁶ Genn Sipes, ⁹ William Bracken, ⁸ Michael Dorato, ⁶ Koen Van Deun, ⁸ Peter Smith, ¹¹ Bruce Berger, ¹² and Allen Heller ¹¹ AstraZeneca Pharmaceuticals, Macclesfield, England; ³ILSI-HESI, Washington, DC, 20036; ⁴Pharn Updata, Kalamazoo, Michigari, Boeiringer Ingelheim Pharmacouticais, Ridgefield, Connecticut, Parker-Pouler Roer, Collegeville unsylvania; 'University of Arizona, Tueson, Arizona, 'Abotat Laboratories, Abbota Park, Illinois, 'Eli Lilly and Co., Greenfield, Indian, "Monsanto-Sante Laboratories, Sokois, Illinois,' Santof-Synthetion, Co., Malvern, "Monsanto-Sante Laboratories, Sokois, Illinois,' Santof-Synthetion, Co., Malvern, Co., Malvern, "Co., Malvern, A vitally important theme in toxicology is the search onal pharmaceutical company survey and the outome of an International Life Sciences Institute (ILSI) for and the assessment of in vitro and in vivo models orkshop (April 1999), which served to better underthat are predictive for adverse effects in humans ex tand concordance of the toxicity of pharmaceuticals beeved in humans with that observed in experimen-laboratory animals is driven by experience, historica bserved in humans with that observed in experimen-al animals. The Workshop included representatives om academia, the multinational pharmaceutical inrom academia, the mutunations prise metals. The instruction of the use, or method of use, of the cheminal main of this project was to examine the strengths aim of this project was to examine the strengths are the control of the con assumption that the current choice of animal model oxicity (HT). The database was developed from a sur-ey which covered only those compounds where HTs where identified during clinical development of new human hazard. The reliability of this assumption ha armaceuticals, determining whether animal toxic-

...data compiled from 150 compounds with 221 human toxicity events reported. The results showed the true positive human toxicity concordance rate of 71% for rodent and non-rodent species, with non-rodents alone being predictive for 63% of human toxicity and rodents alone for 43%.

Current Risk Assessment Practices Geared Towards Protection Not Prediction

December 2002 Final Report A REVIEW OF THE REFERENCE DOSE AND REFERENCE CONCENTRATION PROCESSES Prepared for the Risk Assessment Forum U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Washington DC Reference Dose/Reference Concentration (RfD/RfC) Technical Pane Bob Benson (OPRA/Region 8) Gary Foureman (NCEA/ORD) Jennifer Orme-Zavaleta (NHEERL/ORD) Lee Hofmann (PARMS/OSWER) Deborah Rice (NCEA/ORD) Carole Kimmel (NCEA/ORD)* Jennifer Seed (OPPT/OPPTS) Gary Kimmel (NCEA/ORD) Hugh Tilson (NHEERL/ORD) Vanessa Vu (SAB Staff Office, formerly Susan Makris (OPP/OPPTS) Table 2-2. Uncertainty/safety factors for various reference values

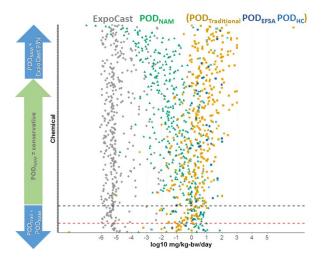
	UF ^a				
Reference value	U _A	U _H	UL	U _D	FQPAb
ARE	1, 3, 10	1, 3, 10	1, 3, 10	ND	NA
AEGL	1, 3, 10	1, 3, 10	3°	ND ^d	NA
OPP acute and intermediate RfDs	10	10	3, 10	ND*	10 <u>±</u>
OW HAs	1, 3, 10	1, 3, 10	1, 3, 10	case-specific	NA
ATSDR MRLs	1, 3, 10	1, 3, 10	1, 3, 10	ND ^d	NA

- a Uncertainty factors: U_{A} = animal-to-human; U_{B} = within-human variability
- U_L = LOAEL-to-NOAEL; U_D = database deficiency.

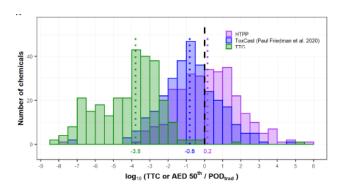
 Additional safety factor required under FQPA.
- ⁶ Endpoint = lethality, not really a LOAEL-to-NOAEL adjustment in this case.
 ⁴ Database deficiencies considered, and a factor may be included for intermediate RfDs if, for
- example, there is no reproduction and fertility study.

 Overlaps with the FOPA safety factor (see U.S. EPA, 2002b)
- ND = not done NA = not applicable

Case Studies Demonstrating Application of Bioactivity as a Protective POD



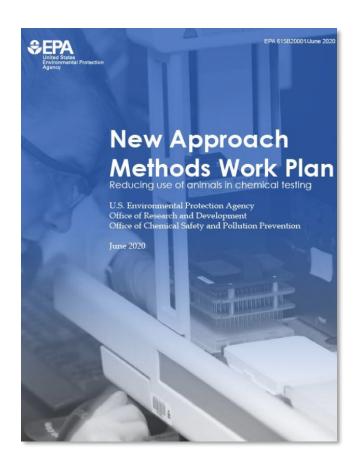
Paul-Friedman et al., 2020



Nyffeler and Harrill, ISMB Poster, 2020



Developing a Fit-for-Purpose Validation and Scientific Confidence Framework



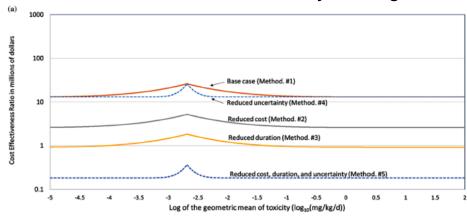
Deliverables:

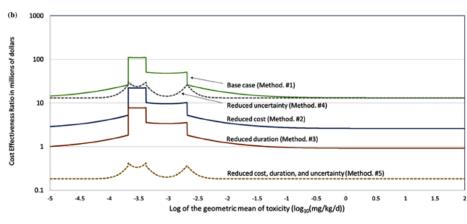
- US National Academies of Sciences report on uncertainties and utility of existing mammalian toxicity tests in Q4 2022.
- Scientific confidence framework to evaluate the quality, reliability, and relevance of NAMs in Q3 2022.



Quantifying Public Health and Economic Trade-Offs of Testing More Chemicals Faster

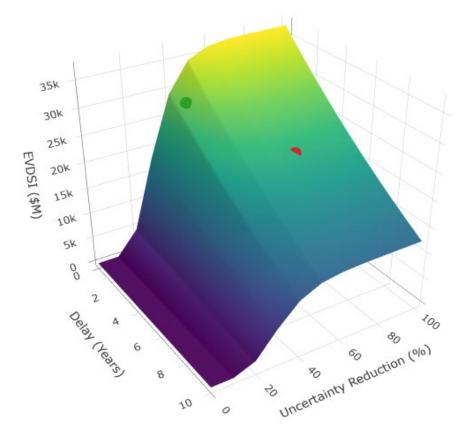
Cost Effectiveness Analysis Evaluating the Costs Associated with Different Toxicity Testing Methods





Price et al., Risk Anal 2021

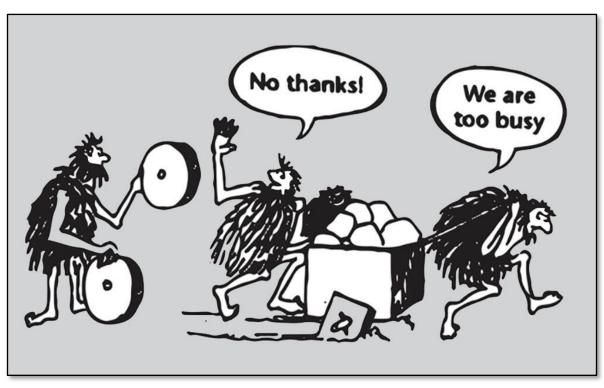
Value of Information Analysis Evaluating the Economic and Health Costs Associated with Different Toxicity Testing Methods



Hagiwara et al., Submitted



But, Don't Underestimate Organizational and Individual Inertia



https://www.tps-scotland.co.uk/selling-is-the-oldest-profession-in-the-world/



Wrapping Up...



The landscape of toxicology is changing... Hopefully towards a greener future



Thank you for your attention!