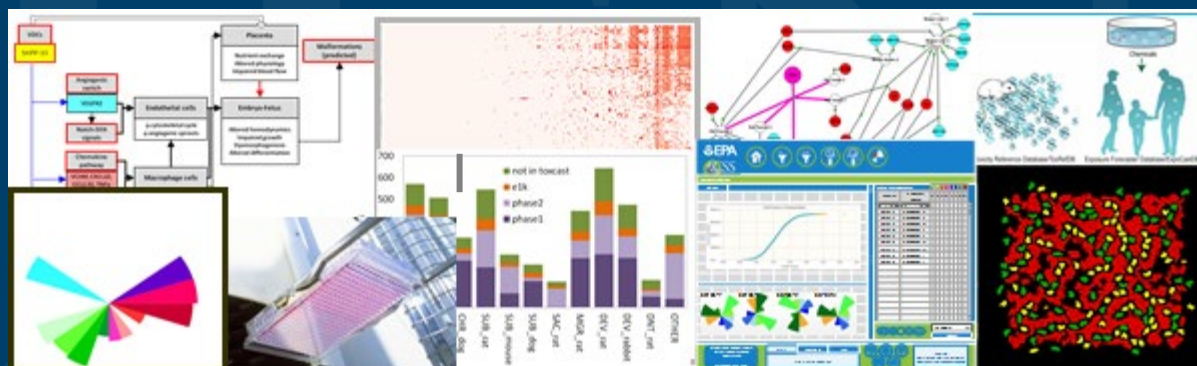


# ToxCast/CompTox Update



**21<sup>st</sup> Century Toxicology Satellite Meeting**

**May 12, 2021**

**Maureen R. Gwinn**

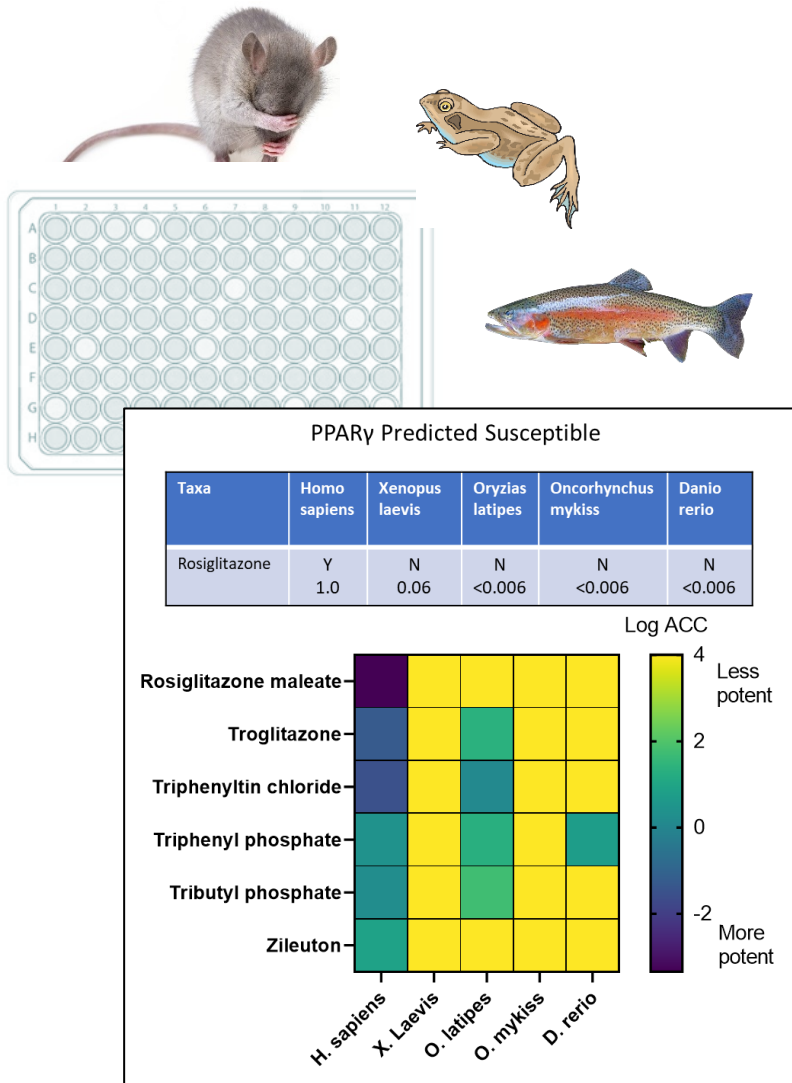
**Center for Computational Toxicology and Exposure**

**Office of Research and Development**

**US Environmental Protection Agency**

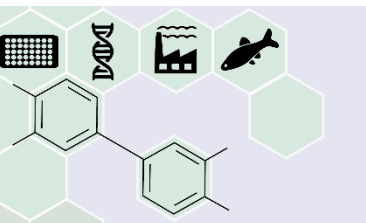


# Evaluating Cross-species Differences in Nuclear Receptor-Ligand Interactions using a Multiplexed In Vitro Bioassay

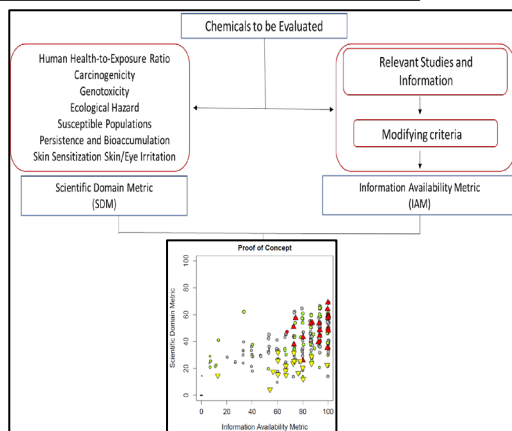
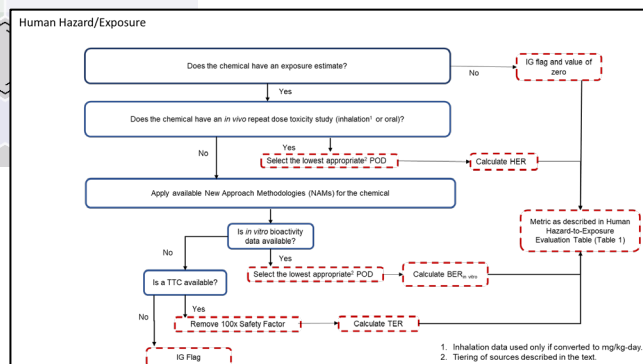


- Five species intended to capture maximum variability in PPAR $\gamma$ , PPAR $\alpha$ , RXR $\beta$ , and GR sensitivity were selected for incorporation into a multiplexed in vitro bioassay.
- Species-specific differences in sensitivity were detected for all ligands tested as well as for environmental samples.
- Results suggest that effects-based monitoring employing human cell lines may misrepresent hazard to aquatic organisms for certain NRs.
- Screening of additional chemicals in the assay developed may provide new insights into predicting cross-species sensitivity based on amino acid sequence conservation.

# Implementation of the Proof-of-Concept Study for Integrating Publicly Available Information to Screen Candidates for Chemical Prioritization under TSCA



## A Proof-of-Concept Study Integrating Publicly Available Information to Screen Candidates for Chemical Prioritization under TSCA



- Short and long-term approaches to identify a pool of potential candidates that inform selection of low and high priority candidates for prioritization
- Long-term approach uses both traditional and NAM data to bin chemicals based on a combination of risk-related scoring and information availability
- The approach was intended to:
  - Understand the landscape of publicly-available information on the over 33,000 substances on the active inventory
  - Provide a transparent and reproducible process for integrating available information and identifying potential information gaps
  - Increase efficiency and manage workload by focusing expert review on substances that may have a greater potential for selection as high- or low-priority candidates
  - Create a flexible and sustainable process that can adapt to scientific advances and continual generation of new safety-related information
  - Organize the process into modular workflows that can be readily updated or adapted to address scientific advances and prioritization needs under other mandates

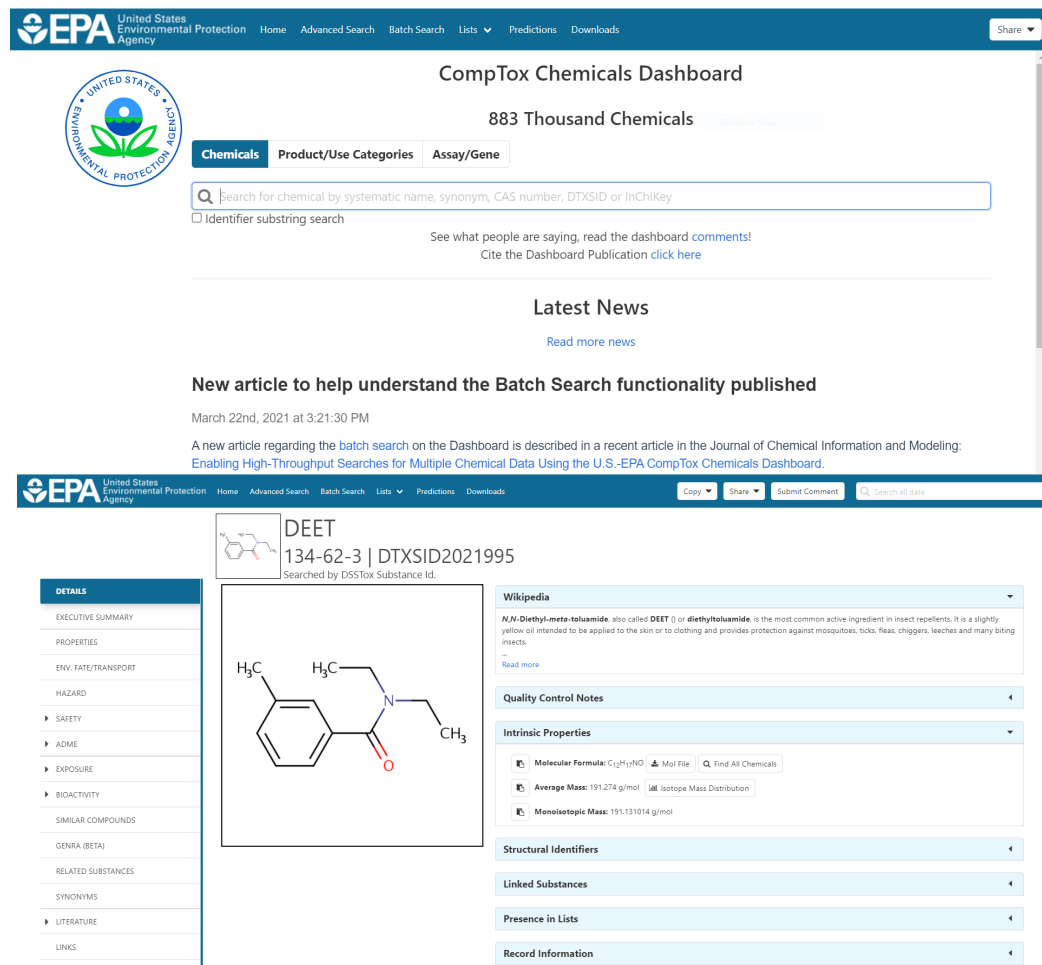
# New Version of the CompTox Chemicals Dashboard – Later this Year!

## Data

- Soon with >900,000 chemicals
- New version of ToxVal v9 and invitrodb 3.4

## User Experience

- Replacement of tables in the application with more flexible table handling for data
- The Abstract Sifter and GenRA will be presented as separated tools in a modular way that have been plugged into the new Tools menu of the dashboard.
- Performance will be much enhanced in terms of download speed and the batch search will be able to handle much larger input sets.



The screenshot displays the CompTox Chemicals Dashboard. At the top, the EPA logo and navigation links (Home, Advanced Search, Batch Search, Lists, Predictions, Downloads) are visible. The main header reads "CompTox Chemicals Dashboard" with a sub-header "883 Thousand Chemicals". Below this, there are tabs for "Chemicals", "Product/Use Categories", and "Assay/Gene". A search bar is present with the placeholder text "Search for chemical by systematic name, synonym, CAS number, DTXSID or InChIKey". Below the search bar, there is a checkbox for "Identifier substring search" and a link to "See what people are saying, read the dashboard comments!".

The "Latest News" section features a headline: "New article to help understand the Batch Search functionality published". Below this, the date "March 22nd, 2021 at 3:21:30 PM" and a link to a recent article in the Journal of Chemical Information and Modeling are provided.

The main content area shows a detailed view for the chemical "DEET" (DTXSID2021995). It includes a chemical structure diagram, a table of "Intrinsic Properties" (Molecular Formula: C<sub>12</sub>H<sub>17</sub>NO, Average Mass: 191.274 g/mol, Monoisotopic Mass: 191.131014 g/mol), and a "Wikipedia" section describing it as a common active ingredient in insect repellents.

<https://comptox.epa.gov/dashboard>



# Acknowledgements and Questions

## EPA Colleagues:

CPHEA  
CEMM  
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OLEM  
Regions

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NTP  
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NCATS  
Health Canada  
ECHA  
JRC  
EFSA  
A\*STAR

