April 5, 2021

United States Environmental Protection Agency

## **Modeling Exposure to Chemicals in Indoor Air**

Emerging Science on Indoor Chemistry A Virtual Information-Gathering Workshop

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> The views expressed in this presentation are those of the author and do not necessarily reflect the views or policies of the U.S. EPA

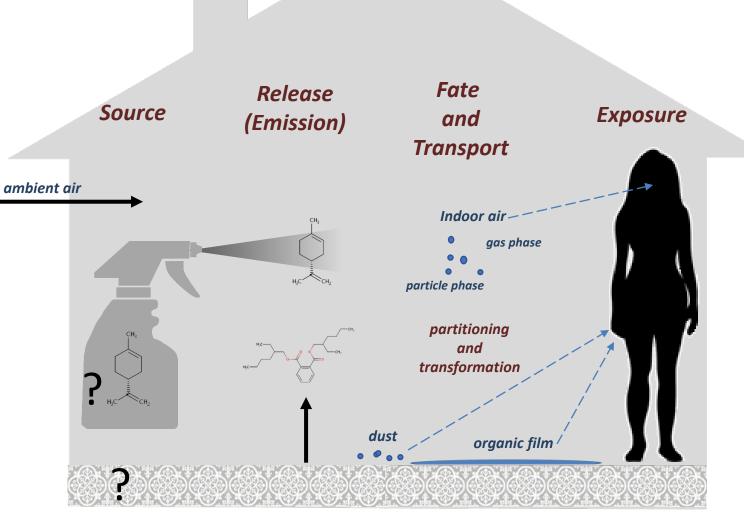




- Modeling exposures in the indoor (near-field) environment
  - Challenges
  - Strategies and recent advances
- From exposure to risk
  - Integrating near-field exposure predictions with other pathways
  - Tools for predicting internal exposures
  - Risk-based prioritization



### From Source to Exposure Indoors



- Exposure is the *contact* between a receptor (human) and a chemical (carried by an environmental medium)
  - Many exposure metrics that describe the *duration*, *intensity*, *and pattern* of contact
- Modeling exposure requires some estimate of concentrations in indoor media (e.g., air)
  - Function of source, release, and fate and transport (as discussed in many other talks today)
- Exposure is also dependent on *human behaviors* and housing characteristics
  - Exposure factors
  - Consumer habits and practices (product use patterns)

## Fit-for-Purpose Exposure Modeling Frameworks

**Environmental Protection** Increasing Complexity Agency **Mechanistic** Full exposure description of the assessment First-tier built environment and exposure assessment/ processes, including screening temporal variability Prioritization Description of *Level of aggregation across* human behavior sources, routes, scenarios, or population chemicals

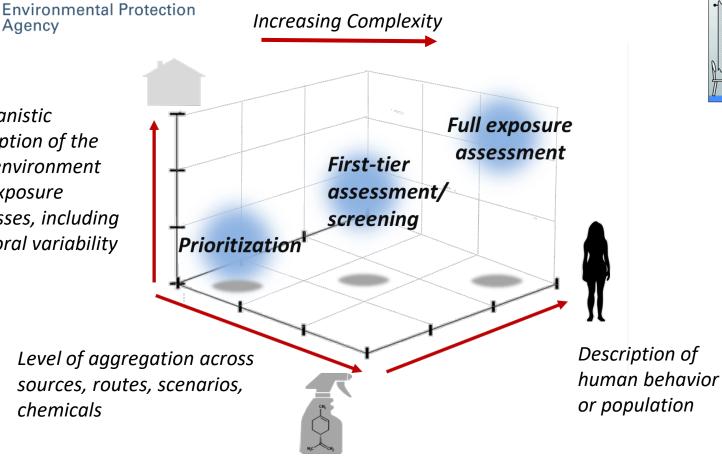
**Jnited States** 

## Fit-for-Purpose Exposure Modeling Frameworks

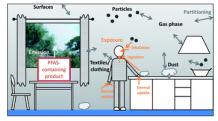
*Mechanistic* description of the built environment and exposure processes, including temporal variability

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- Models of different levels of complexity have • overlapping data needs
- They also share some universal challenges •



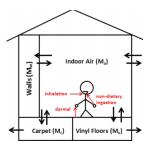


Eichler and Little, 2020

SHEDS-HT, Isaacs et al., 2014

**RAIDAR-ICE** Risk Assessment, Dentification And Rank oor & Consumer Expos

Li et al., 2018



FINE, Shin et al., 2015

Consumer Exposure

EPA, 2019



2012

2017

**USING** 

SCIENCE

TO IMPROVE RISK-RELATED

**FVALUATIONS** 

The National Academies of SCIENCES • ENGINEERING • MEDICIN

**21ST CENTURY** 

A VISION AND A STRATEGY

## Challenges and Data Gaps Associated with Modeling Exposure

• What are additional challenges beyond the inherent gaps associated with source, emission, and fate and transport characterization?

#### Data accessibility

- It is difficult to identify existing data relevant to a given exposure scenario
- NAS 2017: "...most information is fragmented, incompletely organized, and not readily available or accessible ...the full potential of the existing and emerging information for exposure-based and risk-based evaluations cannot be realized."

#### Population variability

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- Human behavior is complex, and surveys and field studies are expensive
- NAS 2012: Recommendation to "explore options for using data obtained on individuals and populations through market-based and product-use research to improve exposure information"

#### **Mixtures or co-Exposures**

 NAS 2017: Assessing cumulative exposure and exposure to mixtures is a high-value activity, and "computational exposure methods will help to identify chemical mixtures to which people are exposed."

#### Model validation

- Data for validating predictions are often limited
- NAS 2017: Continued efforts to measure and estimate concentrations in multimedia sources—such as indoor air, indoor surfaces, dust, and consumer products—are required to address uncertainty in near-field exposures and pathways.



4,4'-(Propane-2,2-diyl)diphenol Phenol, 4,4'-(1-methylethylidene)bis-80-05-7 BPA 4,4'-Propane-2,2-diyldiphenol Phenol, 4,4'-(1-methylethylidene)bis-4-06-00-06717 (4,4'-Dihydroxydiphenyl)dimethylmethane 2,2-Bis(4'-hydroxyphenyl) propane 2,2'-Bis(4-hydroxyphenyl)propane 2,2-BIS-(4-HYDROXY-PHENYL)-PROPANE 2,2-Bis(4-hydroxyphenyl)propane 2,2-Bis(p-hydroxyphenyl)propane 2,2-Di(4-Hydroxyphenyl) Propane 2,2-DI(4-HYDROXYPHENYL)PROPANE 2,2-Di(4-phenylol)propane 4,4'-(1-Methylethylidene)bisphenol 4,4'-Bisphenol A *4,4'-DIHYDROXYPHENYL-2,2-PROPANE* 4,4'-isopropilidendifenol 4,4'-Isopropylidendiphenol

4,4'-isopropilidendifenol 4,4'-isopropylidendiphenol 4,4'-isopropylidene bisphenol 4,4-ISOPROPYLIDENE DIPHENYL 4,4'-isopropylidenebis[phenol] 4,4'-isopropylidenediphenol Bis(4-hydroxyphenyl)dimethylmethane Bis(p-hydroxyphenyl)propane

## Frameworks for Improving Data Organization and Model Parameterization

#### https://comptox.epa.gov/dashboard

Home Advanced Search Batch Search Lists 🛩 Predictions Downle	sads Copy ▼ Share ▼ Submit Comment Q. Search all data
Bisphenol A 80-05-7 DTXSID702018 Searched by DSSIN Substance Id.	
	Wikipedia •
H <sub>3</sub> C CH <sub>3</sub>	Bisphenol A (BPA) is an organic synthetic compound with the chemical formula (CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> C(C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> OH) <sub>2</sub> belonging to the group of diphenylmethane derivatives and bisphenols, with two hydroxyphenyl groups. It is a colorless solid that is soluble in organic solvents, but poorly soluble in water (0.344 wt % at 83 °C).      BPA is a precursor to important plastics, primarily certain polycarbonates and epoxy resins      ""      Read more      Quality Control Notes
	Molecular Formula: C15H16O2 ▲ Mol File Q, Find All Chemicals
ЮОН	Morecular formula: <pre>cip:indo2</pre> Aring All Chemicals   Average Mass: 228.291 g/mol  Let. Isotope Mass Distribution
	Monoisotopic Mass: 228.11503 g/mol
	Structural Identifiers

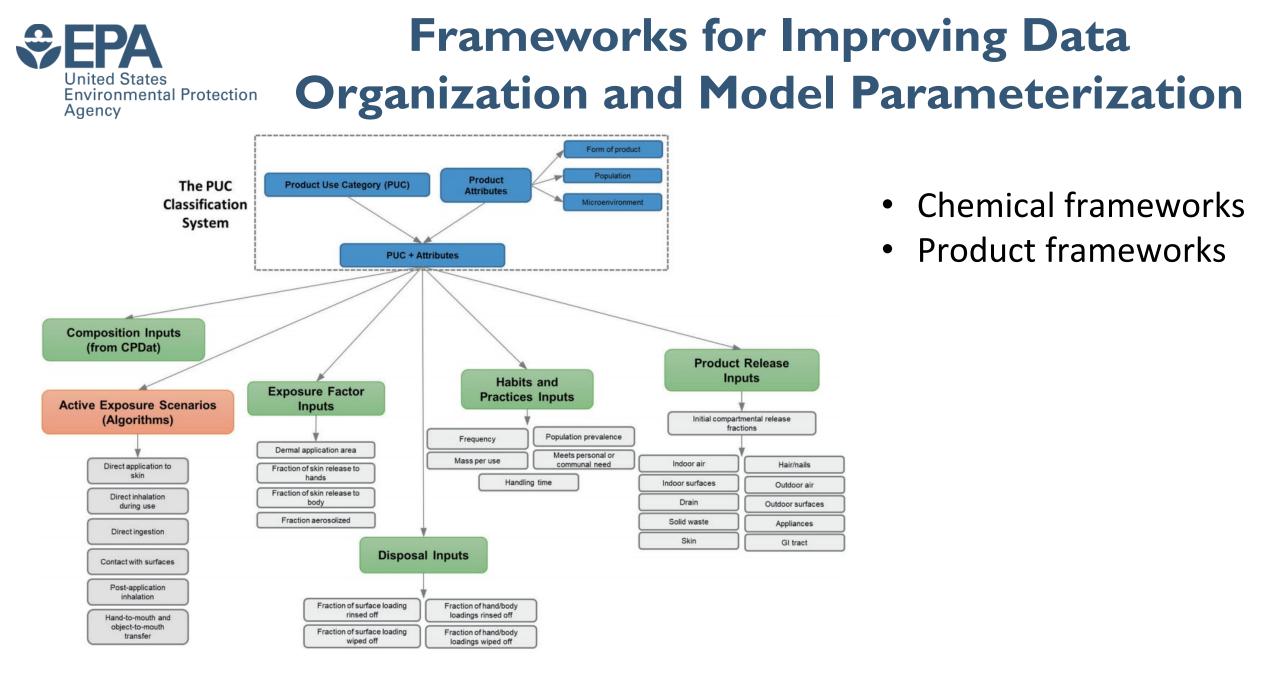
Chemical frameworks

#### +100 more

#### DSSTox Substance Identifier (DTXSID) - DSSTox Chemical Identifier (DTXCID)

Substance can be any single chemical, mixture, polymer

Unique chemical structure

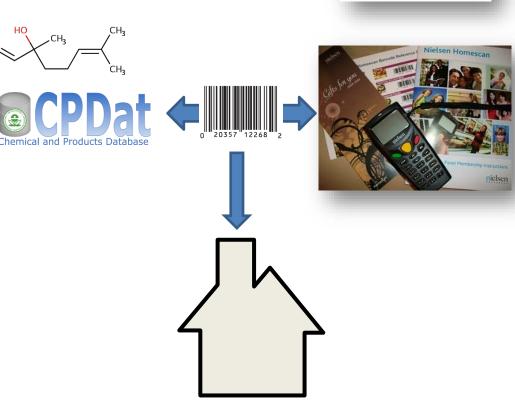


Isaacs et al., 2020

## **Addressing Challenges with Novel Data Streams**

United States Environmental Protection Agency

- EPA Office of Research and Development entered a collaboration with the Nielsen company
- Nielsen provided consumer product purchasing data for 60,000 U.S. households from their National Consumer Panel Study ("Homescan")
- Purchasing data were integrated with CPDat ingredient data by Universal Product Code
- Analyses informed co-exposures and demographic differences in habits and practices

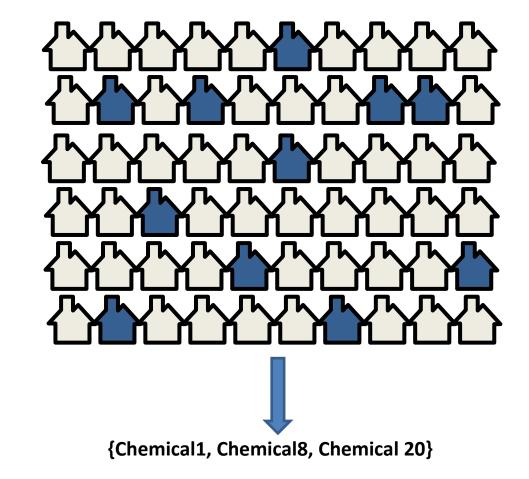


{Chemical1, Chemical2.....Chemical 50}

## **Addressing Challenges with Novel Data Streams**

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- Purchasing data were integrated with CPDat ingredient data by Universal Product Code
- Analyses informed co-exposures and demographic differences in habits and practices
- We identified all chemicals being introduced into homes within the same month (and thus had potential co-exposure)
- Used a data-mining technique (Frequent Itemset Mining) to identify frequently-occurring combinations of chemicals across households (broad group of chemicals and potential endocrineactive chemicals)
- Were able to examine impact of demographics (race, household size, income, education) on frequent combinations



## **Addressing Challenges with Novel Data Streams**

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- United States Environmental Protection Agency
- Here demographics and chemical sets are clustered to indicate the similarity of rankings of chemical combinations
- Cell color reflects relative prevalence of the chemical combination (rank across all prevalent combinations) for the demographic versus total population
- We could identify patterns in chemical co-occurrence
- Examples of rank departures for certain demographics are highlighted
- Results can be used to prioritize chemicals for testing in *in vitro* systems

#### **Potential Endocrine Active Chemicals**

																	Demographic
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	{limonene   propylparaben}
-1	0	-1	0	0	0	0	0	-2	-3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	{propylparaben   methylparaben   ethylparaben}
-1	0	-1	0	0	0	0	-2	1	1	0	0	0	0	-1	-1	0	{propylparaben   fd&c blue no. 1}
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-2	2	1	0	0	0	0	-1	-1	0	{limonene   fd&c blue no. 1}
1	0	0	0	0	0	1	-2	2	1	0	1	0	0	-1	-1	0	{limonene   propylparaben   fd&c blue no. 1}
1	-8	4	0	0	0	1	3	-2	0	0	1	0	0	3	3	0	{diphenyl oxide   linalool}
1	0	1	-1	-1	0	0	-1	2	0	0	1	-1	-1	0	-1	0	{2-hydroxy-4-methoxybenzophenone   propylparaben   benzophenone}
6	2	0	1	1	0	2	4	-7	-9	-13	2	1	1	0	1	-17	{dl-tocopherol mixture   phytonadione}
2	1	1	0	0	-1	-1	0	0	1	0	2	-2	-1	0	0	-1	{decamethylcyclopentasiloxane   propylparaben}
2	1	1	0	0	1	2	0	4	1	2	2	1	1	0	0	2	{2-hydroxy-4-methoxybenzophenone   methylparaben   ethylparaben   benzophenone}
1	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	4	1	1	2	1	0	-1	0	2	{2-hydroxy-4-methoxybenzophenone   propylparaben   methylparaben   ethylparaben   benzophenone}
1	-3	5	0	0	0	1	0	2	1	1	2	0	0	1	0	1	{decamethylcyclopentasiloxane   2-hydroxy-4-methoxybenzophenone   benzophenone}
-5	0	3	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	2	-1	0	0	0	1	{decamethylcyclopentasiloxane   linalool}
-3	4	-3	-1	0	0	-1	0	2	1	0	1	1	-1	0	0	1	{diazolidinyl urea   propylparaben}
-5	-3	2	1	0	0	-1	-1	-3	-1	2	-3	-6	-3	0	0	-1	{1-cedr-8-en-9-ylethanone   decamethylcyclopentasiloxane}
4	-1	4	0	-1	0	2	-1	0	1	0	0	-1	0	0	-1	1	{2-hydroxy-4-methoxybenzophenone   linalool   benzophenone}
8	-2	3	-1	-9	0	4	-1	3	3	2	-4	-1	-4	0	-4	3	{linalool   limonene}
-4	6	-4	-1	-2	0	0	3	-7	-2	-6	6	2	4	-3	2	-3	{linalool   2-phenylethanol
3	-1	3	-1	3	-3	-3	-3	-1	0	1	4	-1	0	0	-1	1	{1-cedr-8-en-9-ylethanone   propylparaben}
6	-2	2	1	-1	0	3	-1	9	6	3	6	-1	0	0	1	3	{decamethylcyclopentasiloxane   limonene}
Asian	African American	Hispanic	White	Grade And High Scho	College	Post College	No Child	Under 6	Under 13	Under 18	Lower	_	_	Higher	Non-Childbearing	Childbearing	

#### Stanfield et al., submitted

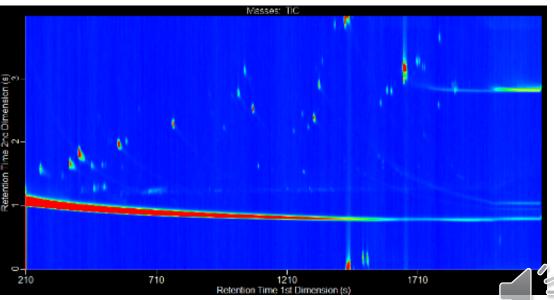


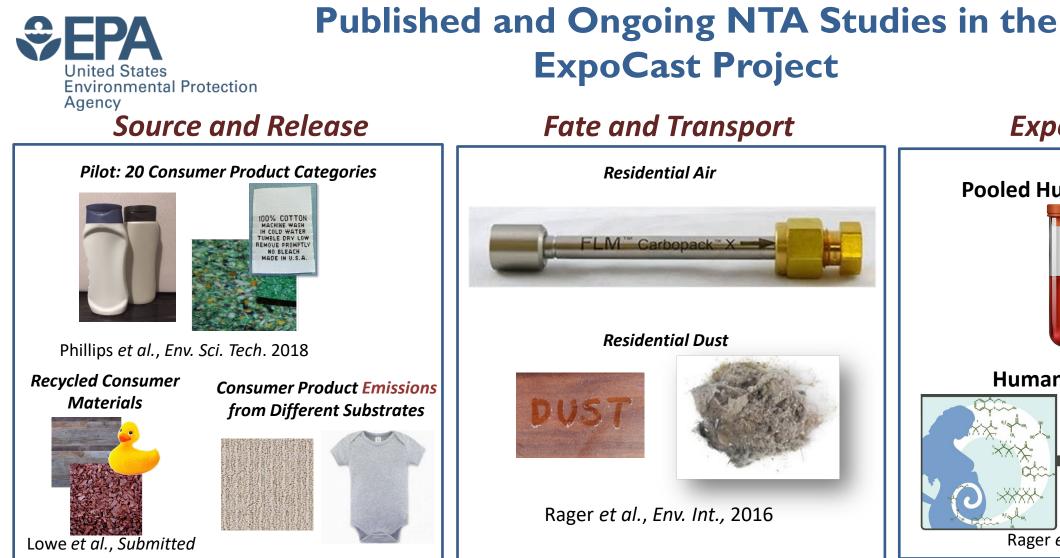
### Non-Targeted Analysis: Increasing the Data Available for Model Evaluation

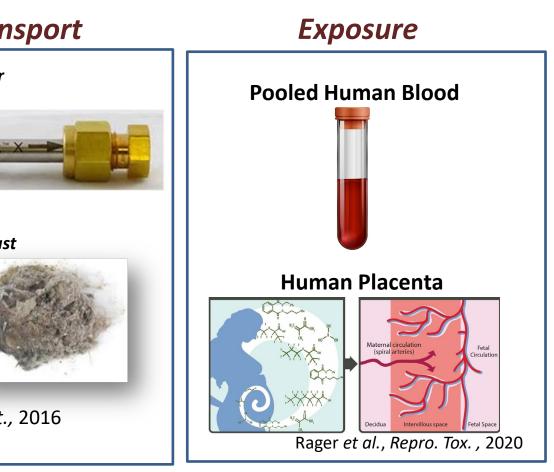
- Targeted Analysis:
  - We know exactly what we're looking for
  - 10s 100s of chemicals
- Non-Targeted Analysis (NTA) or Suspect Screening Analysis (SSA)
  - We have no preconceived targets
  - 1,000s 10,000s of chemicals
- Can supplement and evaluate predicted concentrations in sources (e.g., consumer products), in indoor media, and human receptors (e.g., blood concentrations)
  - Occurrence
  - Prioritization of confirmation with standard targeted methods



#### High Resolution Mass Spectrometry





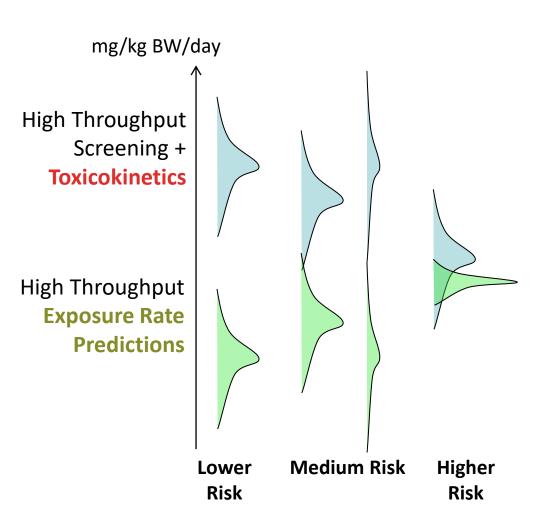


Emerging Science: How can we **quantify** concentrations of chemicals in media using NTA?



## **Chemical Risk = Hazard x Exposure**

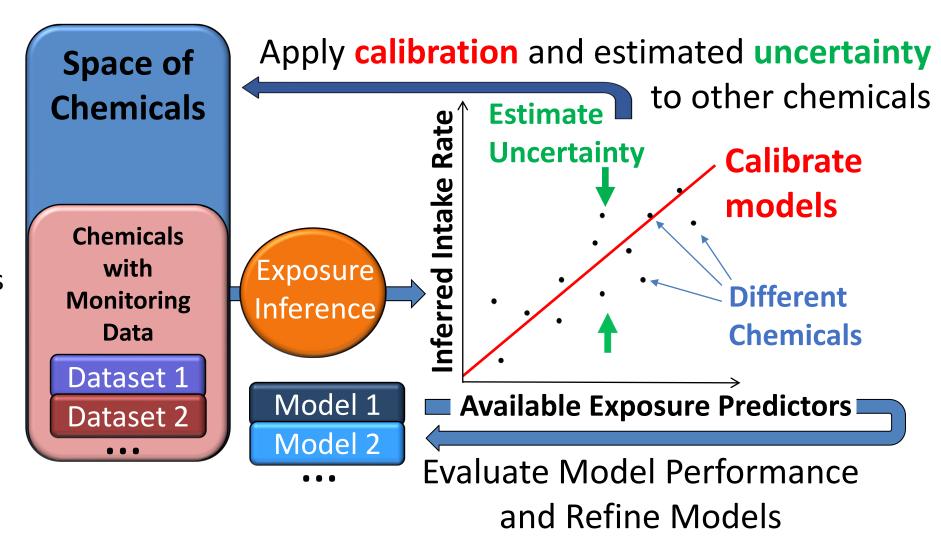
- We have applied the same general philosophy to both **exposure rate prediction** and **toxicokinetics**:
- The fun part of science is building models quantitative theories of how the world works
- The tough part is evaluating models we collect evaluation data where we can
- This allows us to estimate uncertainty and potentially extrapolate to new circumstances
- We identify modeling gaps places where we need new models
- More than anything we identify data gaps need more data to better evaluate model





## Evaluating Exposure Models with the SEEM Framework

We use Bayesian methods to incorporate multiple models into consensus predictions for 1000s of chemicals within the **Systematic Empirical Evaluation** of Models (SEEM) (Wambaugh et al., 2013, 2014; Ring et al., 2018)



Wambaugh et al., 2018



## **SEEM3** Collaboration

Jon Arnot, Deborah H. Bennett, Peter P. Egeghy, Peter Fantke, Lei Huang, Kristin K. Isaacs, Olivier Jolliet, Hyeong-Moo Shin, Katherine A. Phillips, Caroline Ring, R. Woodrow Setzer, John F. Wambaugh, Johnny Westgate











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Chemicals Predictor **Reference(s)** Pathway(s) Predicted US EPA (2018) EPA Inventory Update Reporting and Chemical Data 7856 All

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Reporting (CDR) (2015)			
Stockholm Convention of Banned Persistent Organic	Lallas (2001)	248	far field Industrial and
Pollutants (2017)			Pesticide
EPA Pesticide Reregistration Eligibility Documents	Wetmore et al. (2012, 2015)	239	far field Pesticide
(REDs) Exposure Assessments (Through 2015)			
United Nations Environment Program and Society for	Rosenbaum et al. (2008)	8167	far field Industrial
Environmental Toxicology and Chemistry toxicity model			
(USEtox) Industrial Scenario (2.0)			
USEtox Pesticide Scenario (2.0)	Fantke et al. (2011, 2012, 2016)	940	far field Pesticide
Risk Assessment IDentification And Ranking (RAIDAR)	Arnot et al. (2008)	8167	far field Pesticide
far field (2.02)			
EPA Stochastic Human Exposure Dose Simulator High	Isaacs (2017)	7511	far field Industrial and
Throughput (SHEDS-HT) near field Direct (2017)			Pesticide
SHEDS-HT near field Indirect (2017)	Isaacs (2017)	1119	Residential
Fugacity-based INdoor Exposure (FINE) (2017)	Bennett et al. (2004), Shin et al. (2012)	645	Residential
RAIDAR-ICE near field (0.803)	Arnot et al., (2014), Zhang et al. (2014)	1221	Residential
USEtox Residential Scenario (2.0)	Jolliet et al. (2015), Huang et al. (2016,2017)	615	Residential
USEtox Dietary Scenario (2.0)	Jolliet et al. (2015), Huang et al. (2016), Ernstoff et al. (2017)	8167	Dietary

#### *Ring et al., 2018*

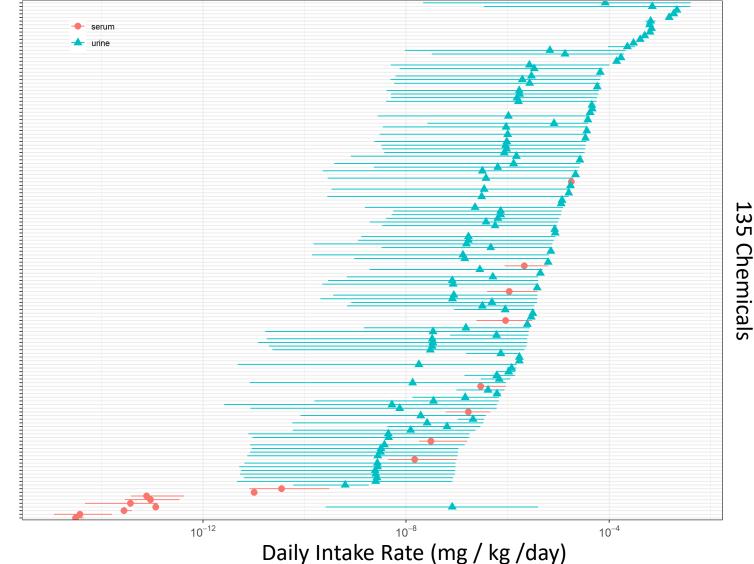


### Inferred Exposure Rates from CDC NHANES

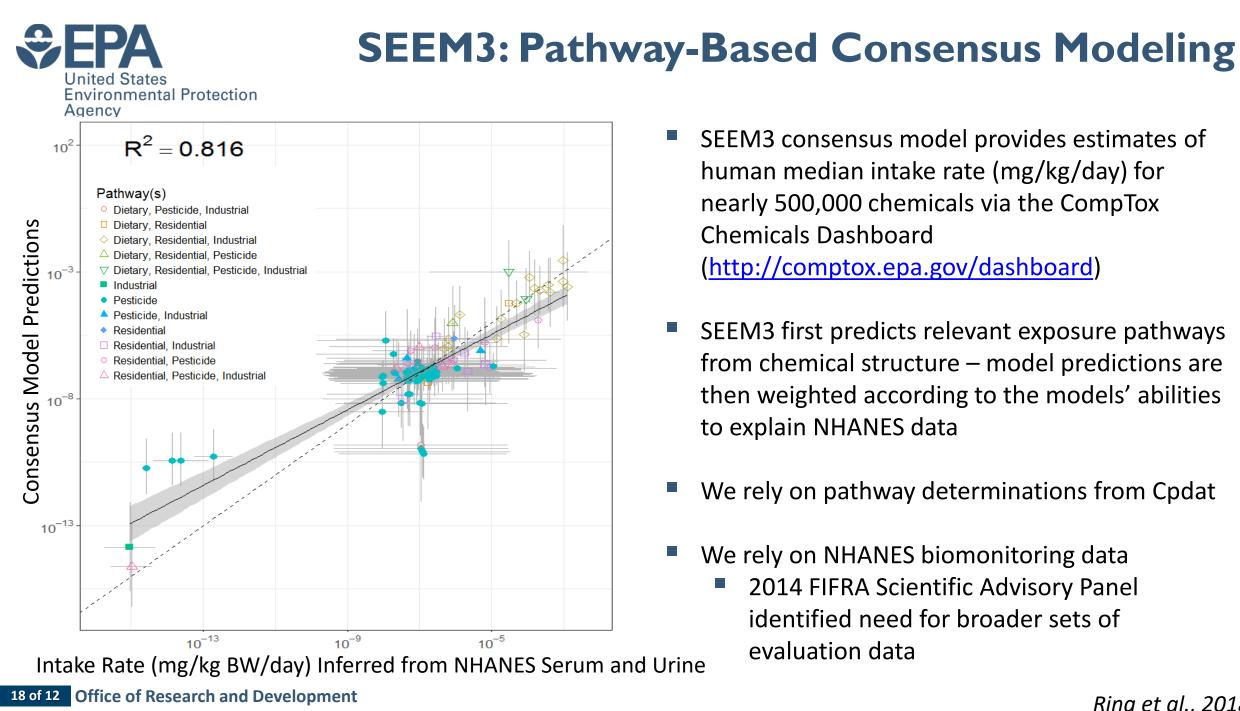
- Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) National Health and Nutrition Examination Survey (NHANES) provides an important tool for monitoring public health
- Large, ongoing CDC survey of US population: demographic, body measures, medical exam, biomonitoring (health and exposure), ...



National Health and Nutrition Examination Survey



<sup>17 of 12</sup> Office of Research and Development Work by Miyuki Breen and Zach Stanfield (Breen et al. and Stanfield et al. both in preparation)



- SEEM3 consensus model provides estimates of human median intake rate (mg/kg/day) for nearly 500,000 chemicals via the CompTox Chemicals Dashboard (http://comptox.epa.gov/dashboard)
- SEEM3 first predicts relevant exposure pathways from chemical structure – model predictions are then weighted according to the models' abilities to explain NHANES data
- We rely on pathway determinations from Cpdat
- We rely on NHANES biomonitoring data
  - 2014 FIFRA Scientific Advisory Panel identified need for broader sets of evaluation data

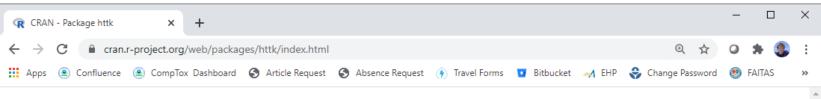
*Ring et al., 2018* 





# **Open-Source Tools and Data for HTTK**

### https://CRAN.R-project.org/package=httk



#### httk: High-Throughput Toxicokinetics

Generic models and chemical-specific data for simulation and statistical analysis of chemical toxicokinetics Pearce et al. (2017) <<u>doi:10.18637/jss.v079.i04</u>>. Chemical-specific in vitro data have been obtained from r experiments. Both physiologically-based ("PBTK") and empirical (for example, one compartment) "TK" me parameterized with the data provided for thousands of chemicals, multiple exposure routes, and various spec of systems of ordinary differential equations which are solved using compiled (C-based) code for speed. A N included, which allows for simulating human biological variability (Ring et al., 2017 <<u>doi:10.1016/j.envint.</u> propagating parameter uncertainty. Calibrated methods are included for predicting tissue:plasma partition co distribution (Pearce et al., 2017 <<u>doi:10.1007/s10928-017-9548-7</u>>). These functions and data provide a set vivo extrapolation ("IVIVE") of high throughput screening data (for example, Tox21, ToxCast) to real-world dosimetry (also known as "RTK") (Wetmore et al., 2015 <<u>doi:10.1093/toxeci/bfu171></u>)

Version: Depends:	$\frac{2.0.3}{R(\geq 2.10)}$ downloads 1071/month	•									
Imports:	deSolve, msm, data.table, survey, mythorm, trunchorm, stats, graphics, utils, <u>magritir, p</u>										
Suggests:	<u>ggplot2, knitr, rmarkdown, R.rsp, GGally, gplots, scales, EnvStats, MASS, RColorBrev</u> <u>classInt, ks, stringr, reshape, reshape2, gdata, viridis, CensRegMod, gmodels, colorspac</u> <u>dplyr, forcats, smatr, gtools, gridExtra</u>										
Published:	2020-09-25										
Author:	John Wambaugh (D) [aut, cre], Robert Pearce (D) [aut], Caroline Ring (D) [aut], Greg Sfeir [aut], Matt Linakis (D) [aut], Jimena Davis [ctb], James Sluka (D) [ctb], Nisha Si Wetmore (D) [ctb], Woodrow Setzer (D) [ctb]										
Maintainer:	John Wambaugh <wambaugh.john at="" epa.gov=""></wambaugh.john>										
BugReports:	https://github.com/USEPA/CompTox-ExpoCast-httk										

# R package "httk"

- Open source, transparent, and peerreviewed tools and data for high throughput toxicokinetics (httk)
- Available publicly for free statistical software R
- Allows *in vitro-in vivo* extrapolation (IVIVE) and physiologically-based toxicokinetics (PBTK)
- Human-specific data for 987 chemicals
- Described in Pearce et al. (2017)

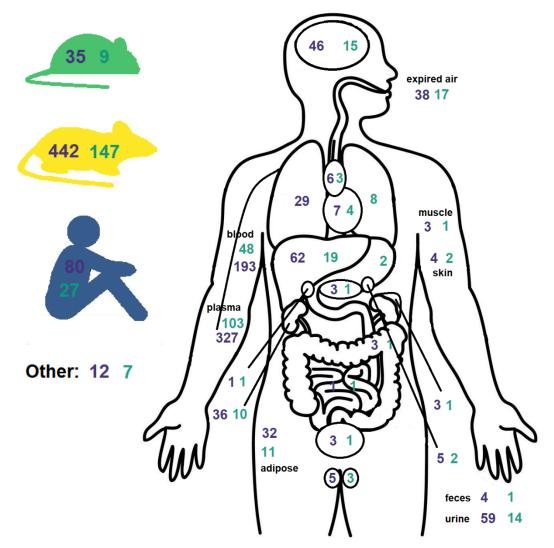


## In Vivo TK Database

### https://github.com/USEPA/CompTox-PK-CvTdb

- EPA has developed a public database of concentration
  vs. time data for building, calibrating, and evaluating TK models
- Curation and development ongoing, but to date includes:
  - 198 analytes (EPA, National Toxicology Program, literature)
  - Routes: Intravenous, dermal, oral, sub-cutaneous, and inhalation exposure
- Standardized, open source curve fitting software invivoPKfit used to calibrate models to all data:

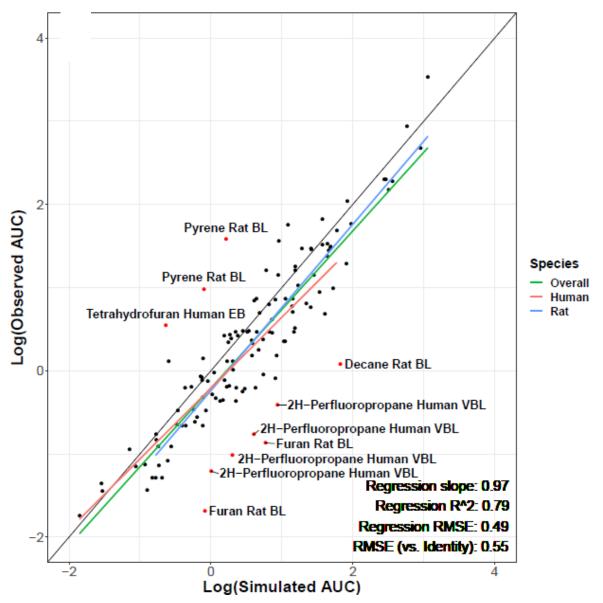
https://github.com/USEPA/CompTox-ExpoCast-invivoPKfit





## **Developing Models with the CvT Database**

- USAF and EPA developed generic gas inhalation physiologically-based toxicokinetic (PBTK) model
- Evaluated HTTK with CvTdb: 142 exposure scenarios across 41 volatile organic chemicals were modeled and compared to published *in vivo* data for humans and rat
- Overall RMSE was 0.69, R<sup>2</sup> was 0.54 for full concentration time-course across all chemicals and both species
- R<sup>2</sup> was 0.69 for predicting peak concentration
- R<sup>2</sup> was 0.79 for predicting time integrated plasma concentration (Area Under the Curve, AUC)

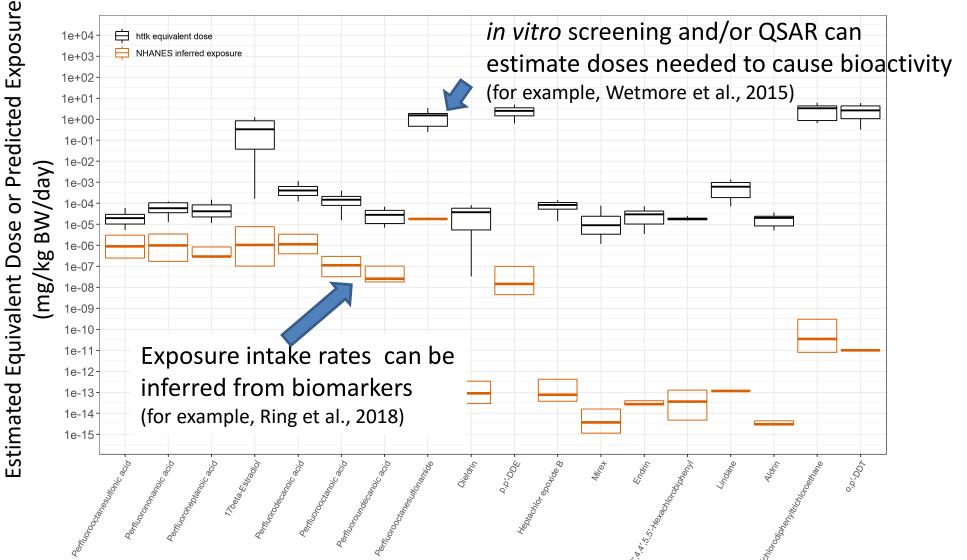


Linakis et al. (2020)



- We can use HT-PBPTK gas inhalation model to infer exposures consistent with NHANES data for volatile chemicals
- Can compare those intake rates with doses predicted to cause toxicity:
- Bioactivity:Exposure Ratio (BER) allows risk-based prioritization

## **Risk-based Chemical Prioritization**







- We need to know chemical hazard, exposure, and toxicokinetics to assess risk posed to the public health
  - There are tens of thousands of chemicals in commerce in the environment that lack these data
- At EPA we build consensus models and evaluate them to estimate uncertainty relies on available data
- Data Needs for Exposure:
  - Expanded monitoring data
    - NTA will need for semi-quantitative methods
    - We must also catalog the chemicals that should be present
  - Models for formulation-dependent emission rates from household products
- Data needs for Toxicokinetics:
  - USAF and EPA developing aerosol exposure PBTK model but we need a particle dissolution model
  - Need additional chemical concentration vs. time in tissue (CvT) data studies exist in the literature but must be made machine-readable
- All models to date focus on chemicals with well-defined structures, what do we do about chemicals of unknown, variable composition, or biologicals (UBCBs)?

## ExpoCast Project (Exposure Forecasting)

**Center for Computational Toxicology and Exposure** 

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Arnot, Jon A., et al. "Screening level risk assessment model for chemical fate and effects in the environment." Environmental science & technology 40.7 (2006): 2316-2323.

Aylward, Lesa L., and Sean M. Hays. "Consideration of dosimetry in evaluation of ToxCast™ data." Journal of Applied Toxicology 31.8 (2011): 741-751.

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Dix David, et al. "The ToxCast program for prioritizing toxicity testing of environmental chemicals." Toxicol Sci. 2007;95:5–12

Egeghy, P. P., et al. (2012). The exposure data landscape for manufactured chemicals. Science of the Total Environment, 414, 159-166.

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