

The views expressed in this presentation are those of the author and do not necessarily reflect the views or policies of the US EPA

# A mesocosm approach to test eDNA monitoring of ballast tanks

Courtney Larson, Donn Branstrator, Megan Corum,  
Meagan N Aliff, Abigail Latanich, Erik Pilgrim,  
Chelsea Hatzenbuhler, Matthew Julius, Matthew  
Etterson, and Euan Reavie



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# A mesocosm approach to test traditional morphological and eDNA monitoring of Spiny Water Flea in ballast tanks

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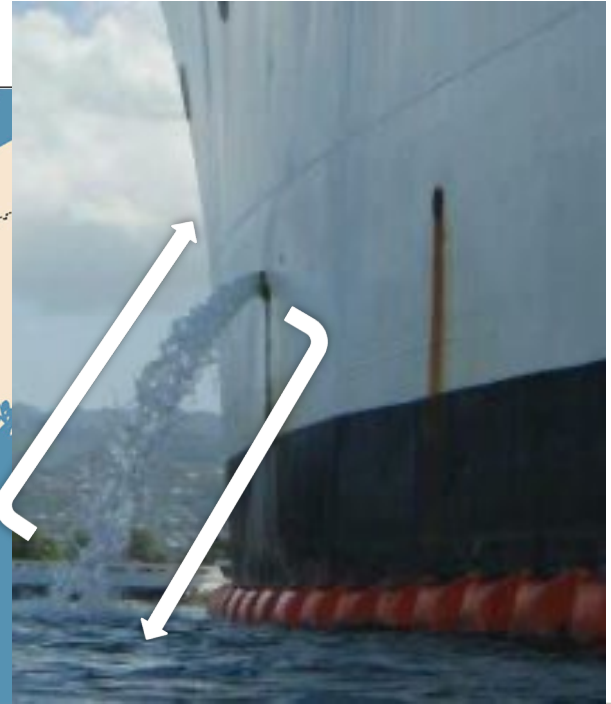
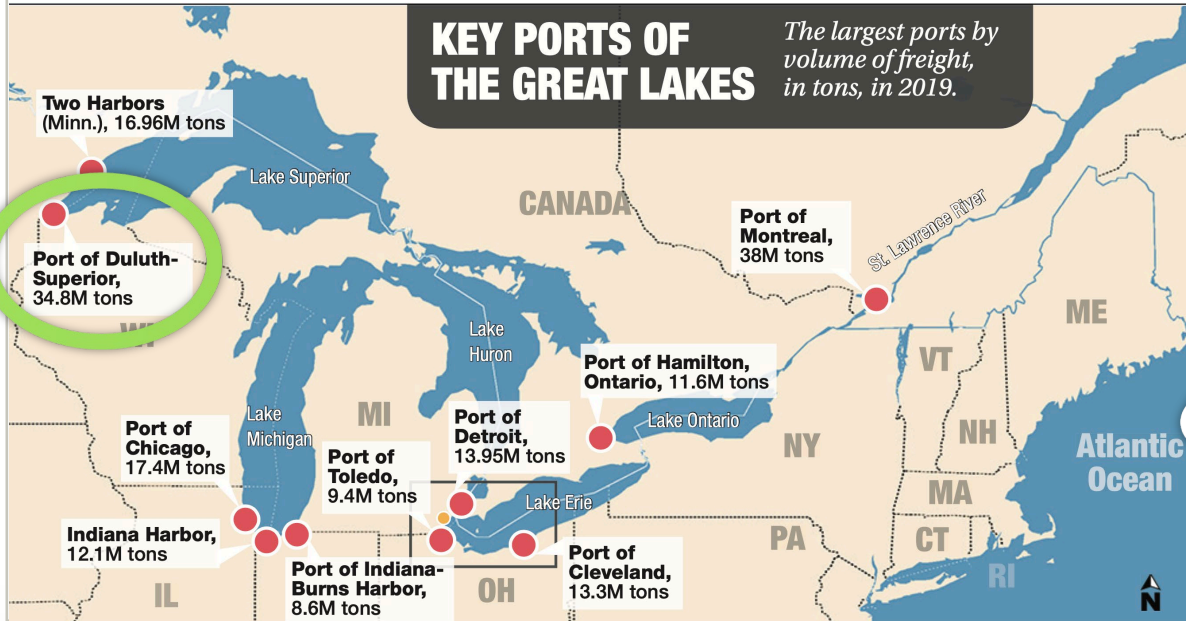


[Larson.Courtney@epa.gov](mailto:Larson.Courtney@epa.gov)

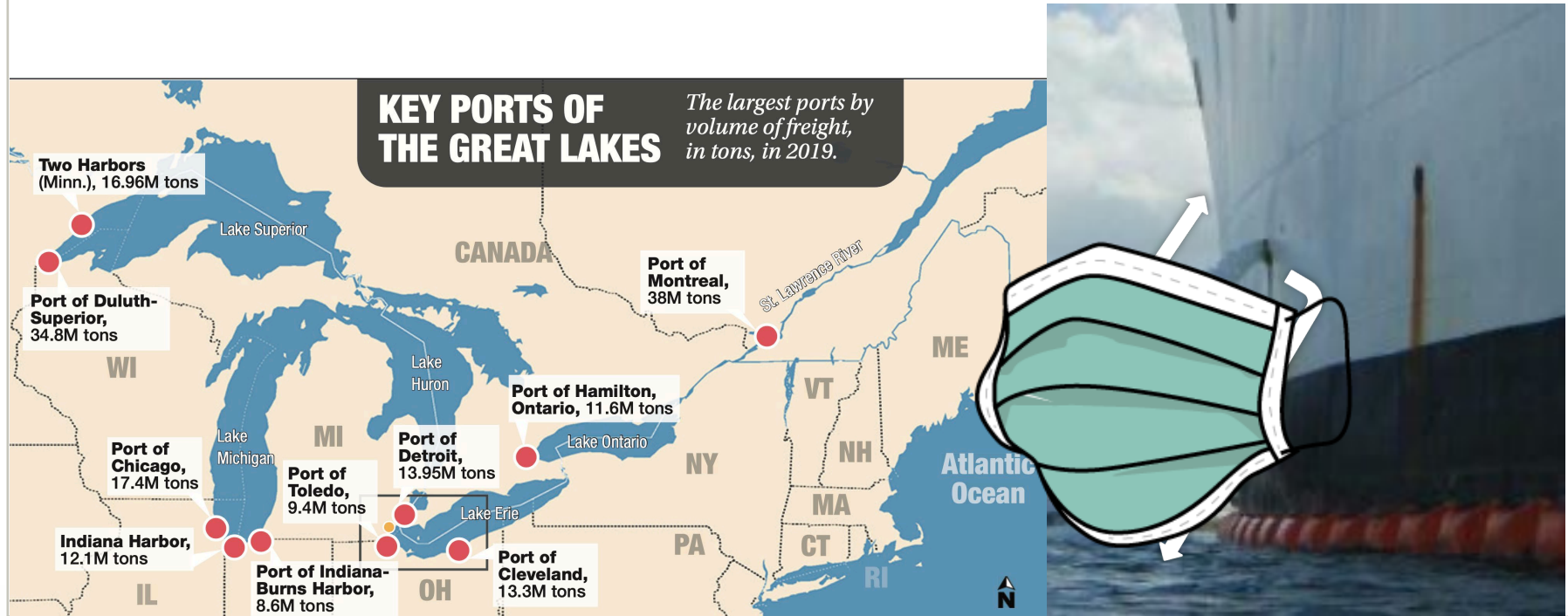
# Ballast water

## KEY PORTS OF THE GREAT LAKES

*The largest ports by volume of freight, in tons, in 2019.*



# Ballast treatment and monitoring



SOURCE: Google, SJ Consulting Group

THE BLADE

# Question: How clean is clean?

- What is the risk-release relationship for potential aquatic invaders?
- How can potential aquatic invaders be detected in ballast and ballast discharge?
  - Identify individuals morphologically
    - Adults
    - Larvae
    - Eggs
  - Identify populations genetically (eDNA)





# Study organism: *Bythotrephes cederströmii* / *longimanus*

## Spiny Water Flea

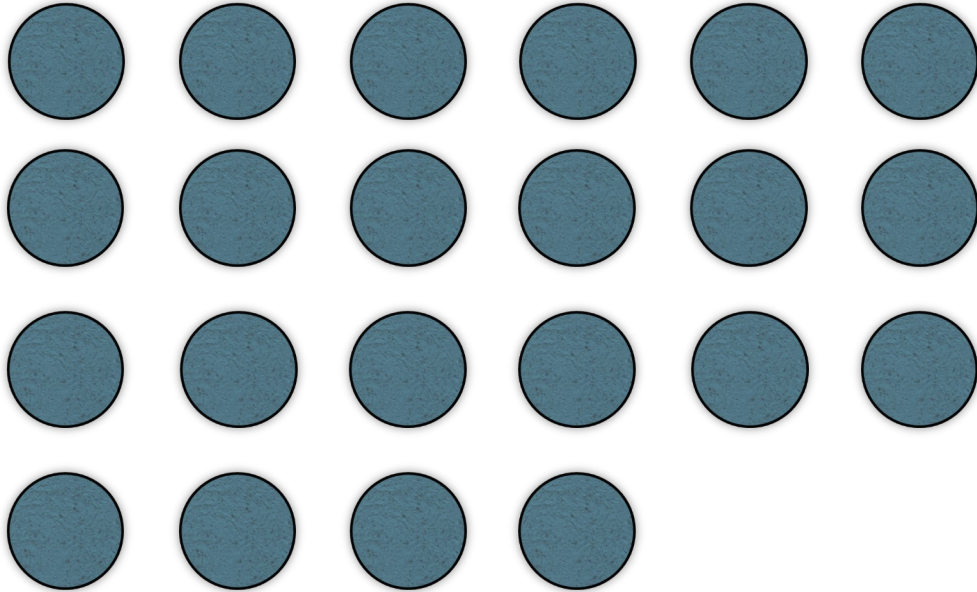


# Mesocosm methods



- 22,  $\sim 1 \text{ m}^3$  mesocosm filled with harbor water

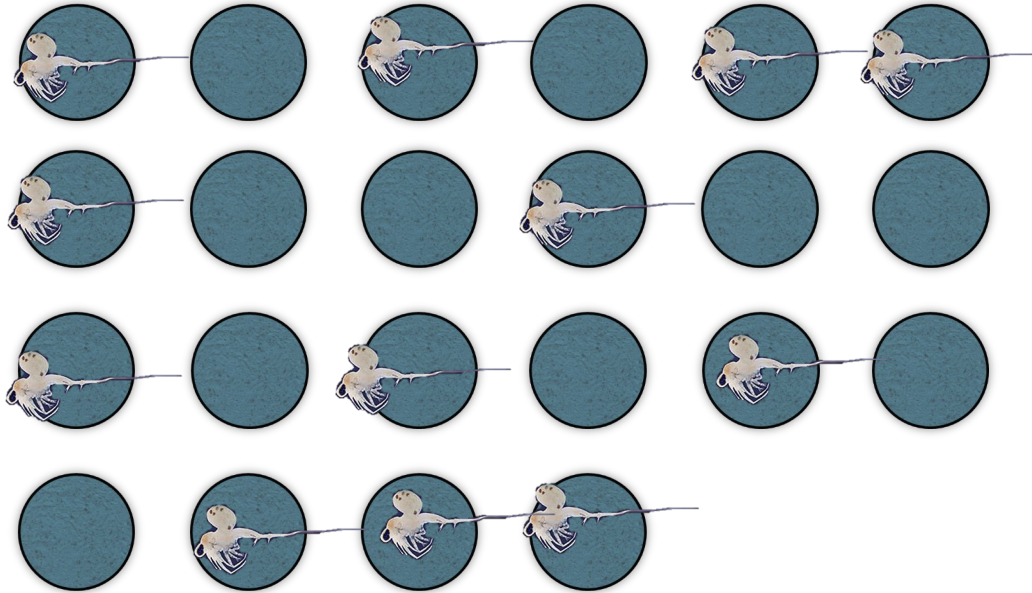
# Mesocosm methods



- 22,  $\sim 1 \text{ m}^3$  mesocosm filled with harbor water

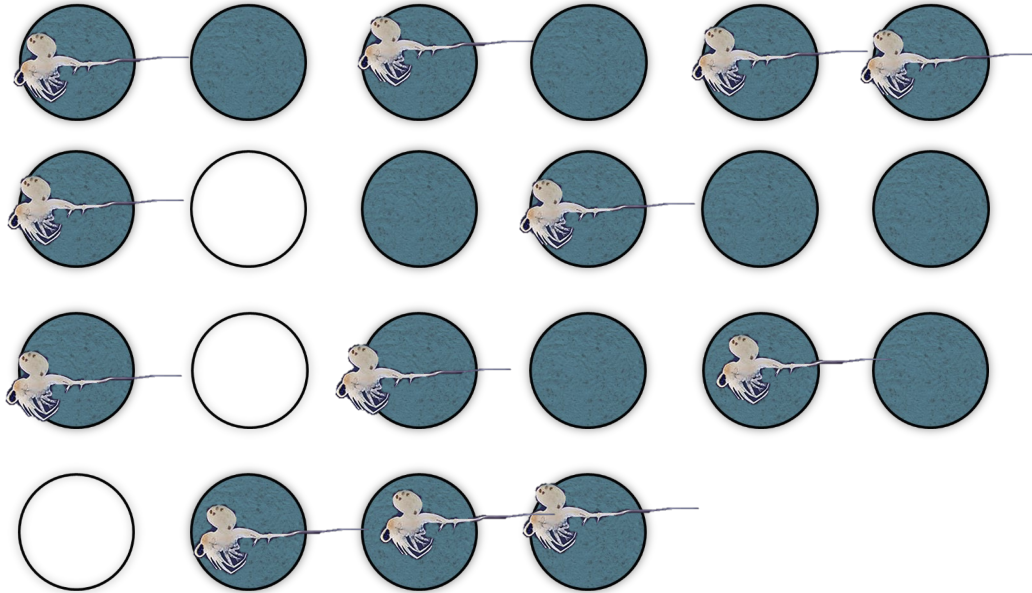


# Mesocosm methods



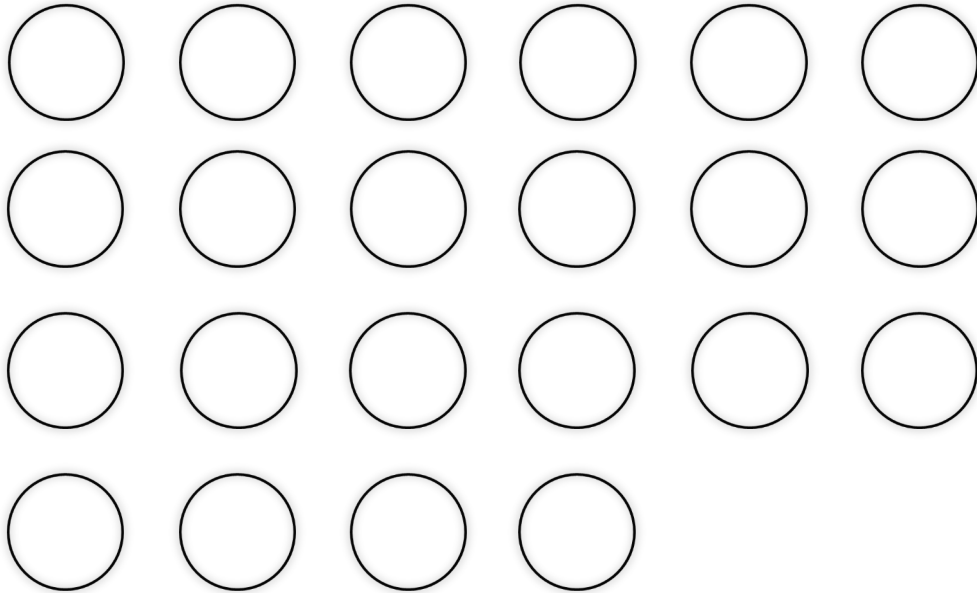
- 22, 1 m<sup>3</sup> mesocosm filled with harbor water
- Introduce spiny water flea (SWF)

# Mesocosm methods



- 22, 1 m<sup>3</sup> mesocosm filled with harbor water
- Introduce spiny water flea (SWF)
- Drain subsets over time

# Mesocosm methods



- 22, 1 m<sup>3</sup> mesocosm filled with harbor water
- Introduce spiny water flea (SWF)
- Drain subsets over time
- Examine population at draining

# Phase 1


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If we introduce spiny water flea around the International Maritime Organization standard of 10 organisms per  $\text{m}^3$ , what happens?

Biol Invasions (2019) 21:3655–3670  
<https://doi.org/10.1007/s10530-019-02077-8>

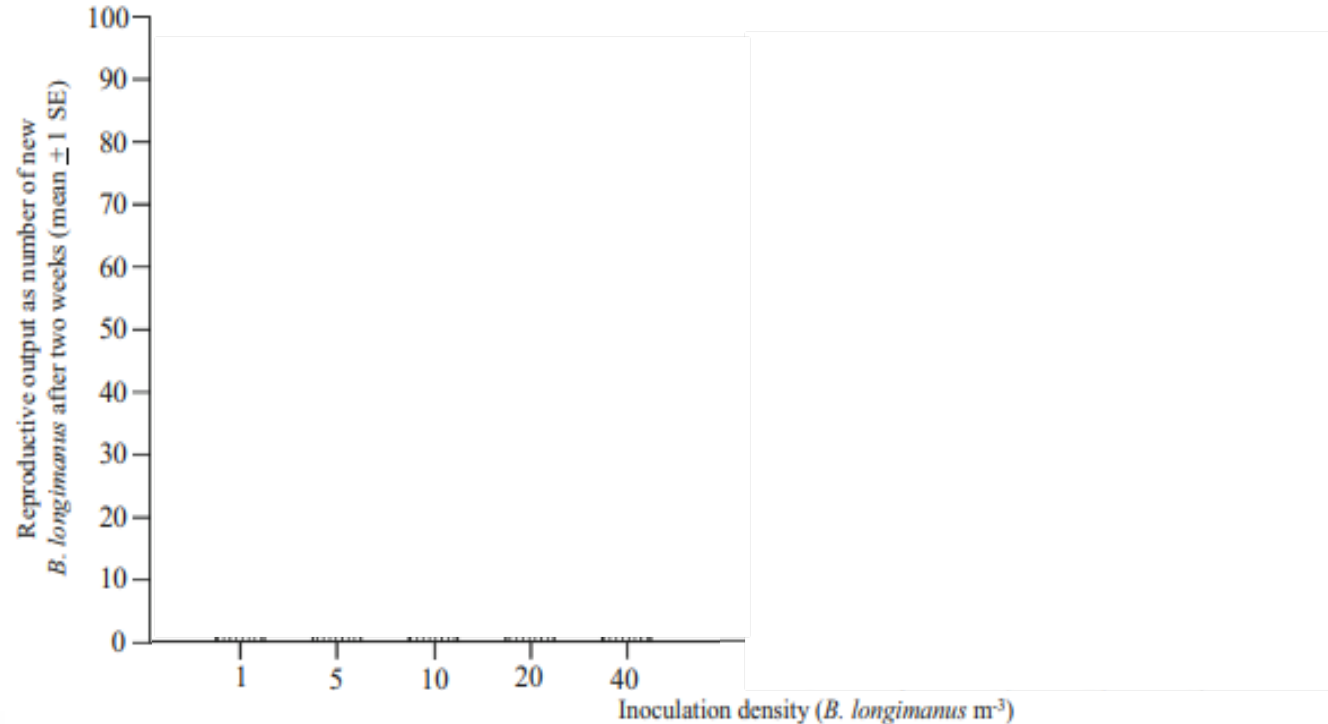
ORIGINAL PAPER

**Evaluation of a method that uses one cubic meter mesocosms to elucidate a relationship between inoculation density and establishment probability for the nonindigenous, invasive zooplankter, *Bythotrephes longimanus***

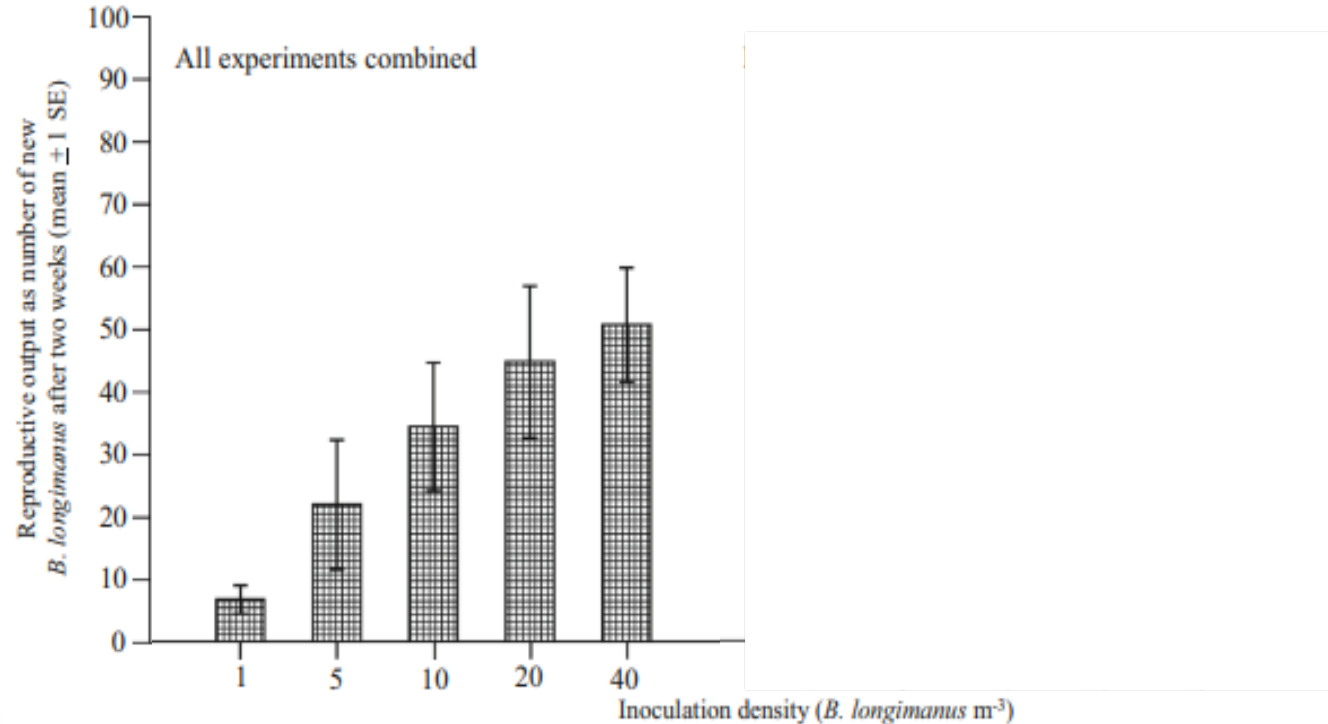
Donn K. Branstrator  · Matthew C. TenEyck · Matthew A. Etterson · Euan D. Reavie · Allegra A. Cangelosi



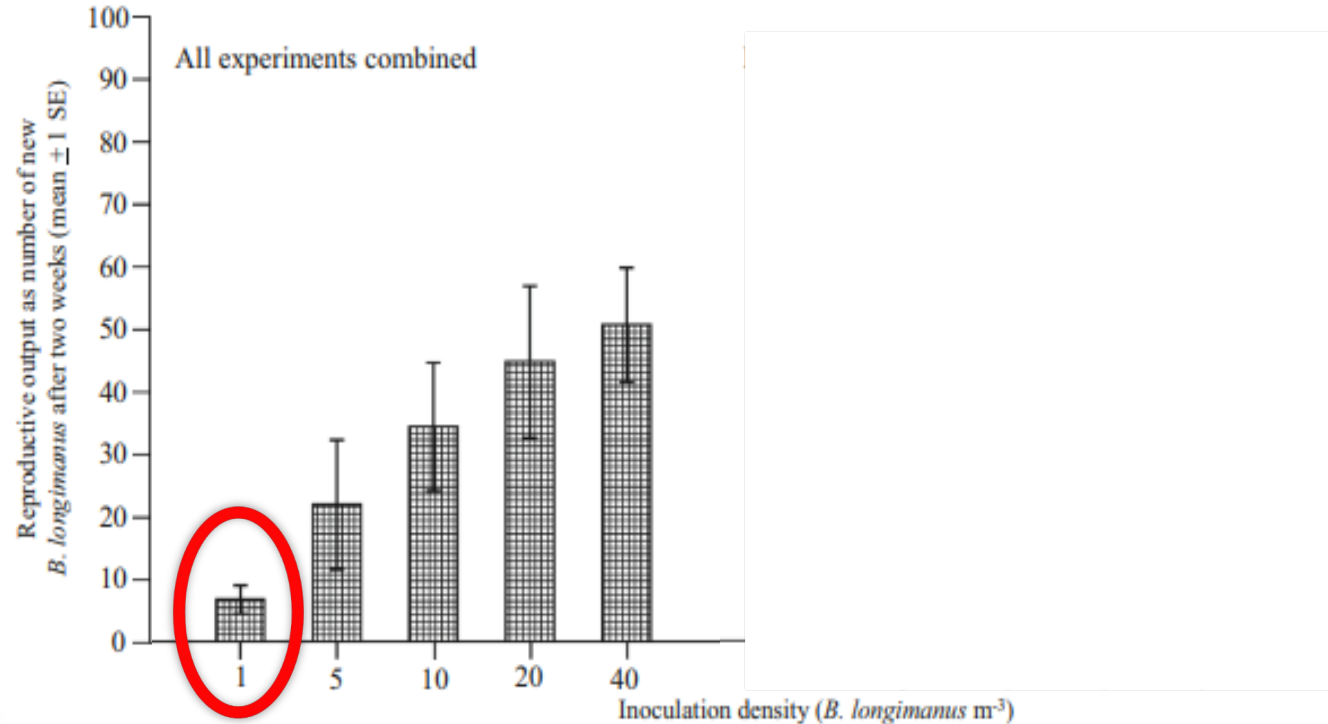
# How does inoculation density affect population growth?



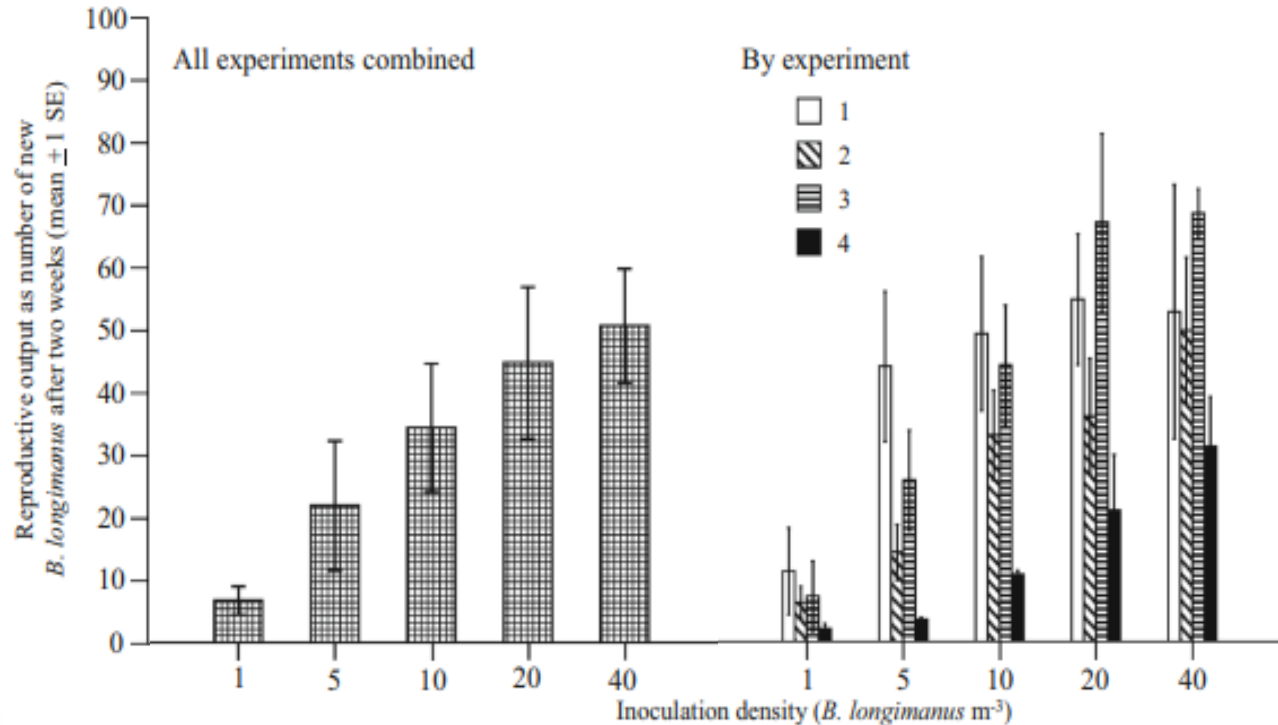
# How does inoculation density affect population growth?



# How does inoculation density affect population growth?



# How does background conditions affect population growth?



# Phase 1 Conclusions

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- Population growth occurs with even 1 inoculate SWF at 3-barb life stage
- Background conditions affect overall growth, but same trends for each experiment

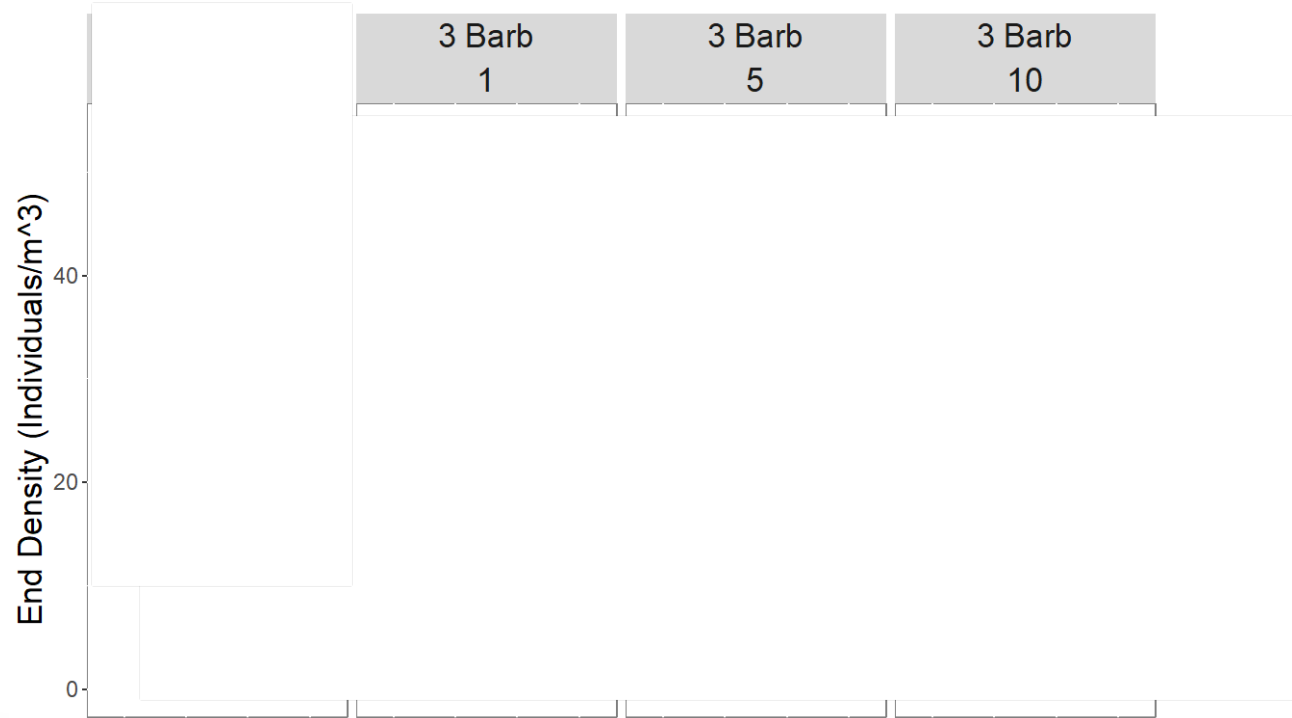


# Next questions – Phase 2 Summer 2021

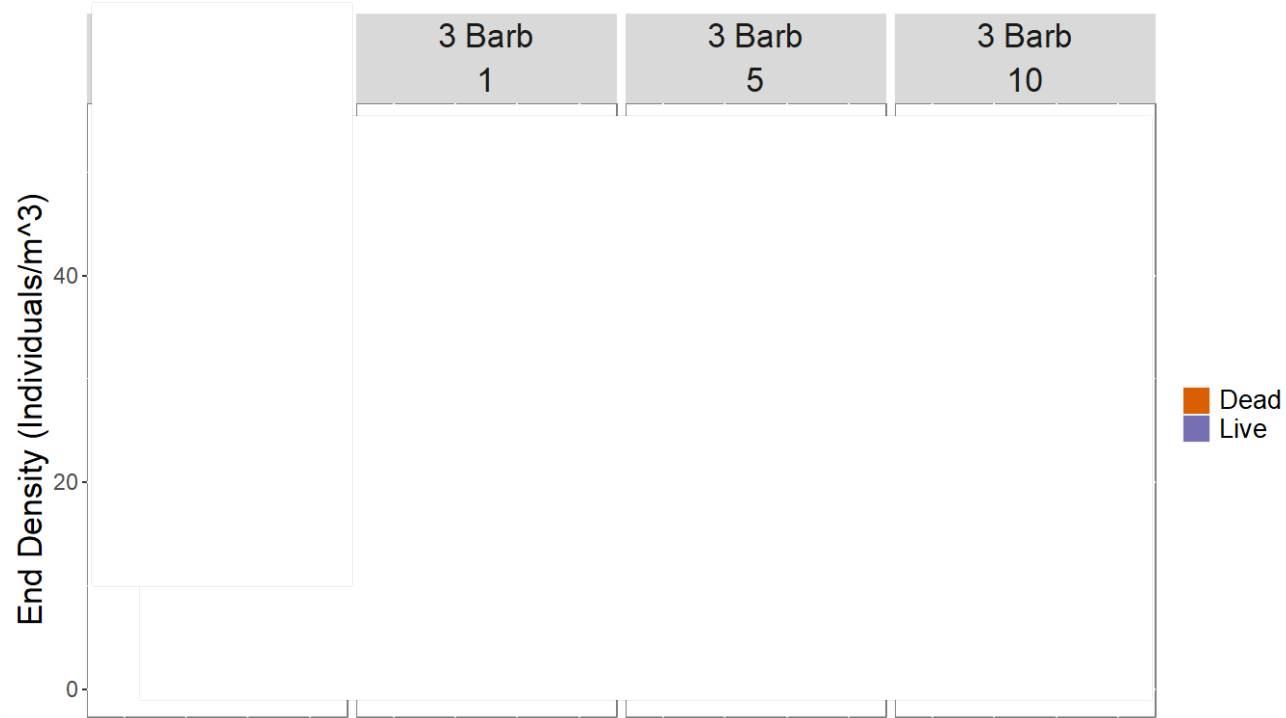
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- What about different life stages?
  - Compare 2 and 3 barb
  - Examine live vs. dead

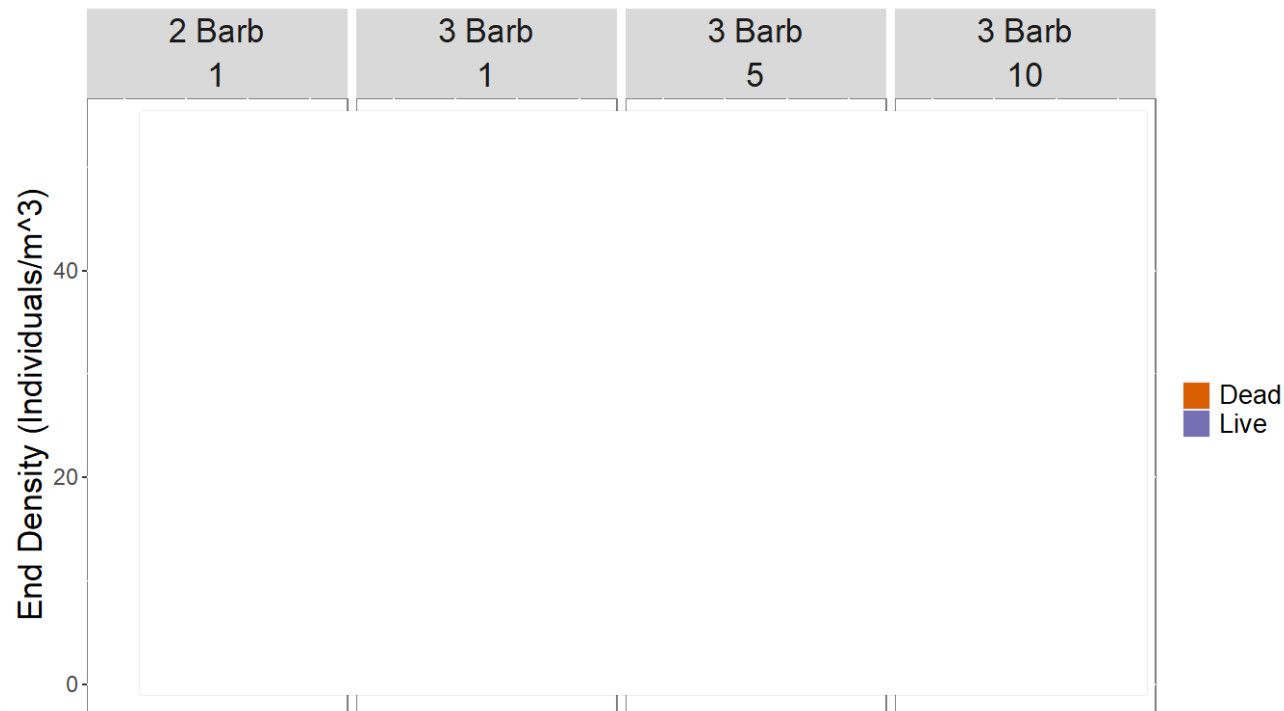
# Same treatments as Phase 1



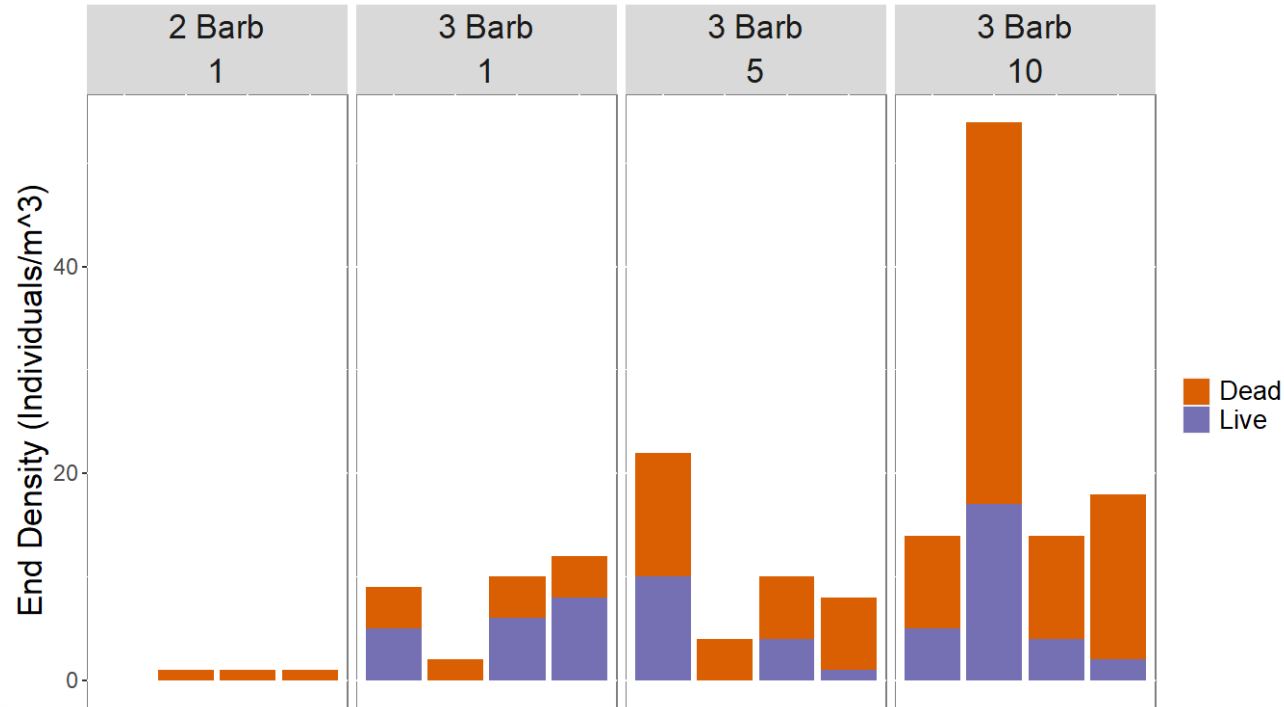
# Distinguish live and dead



# Add 2 barb life stage

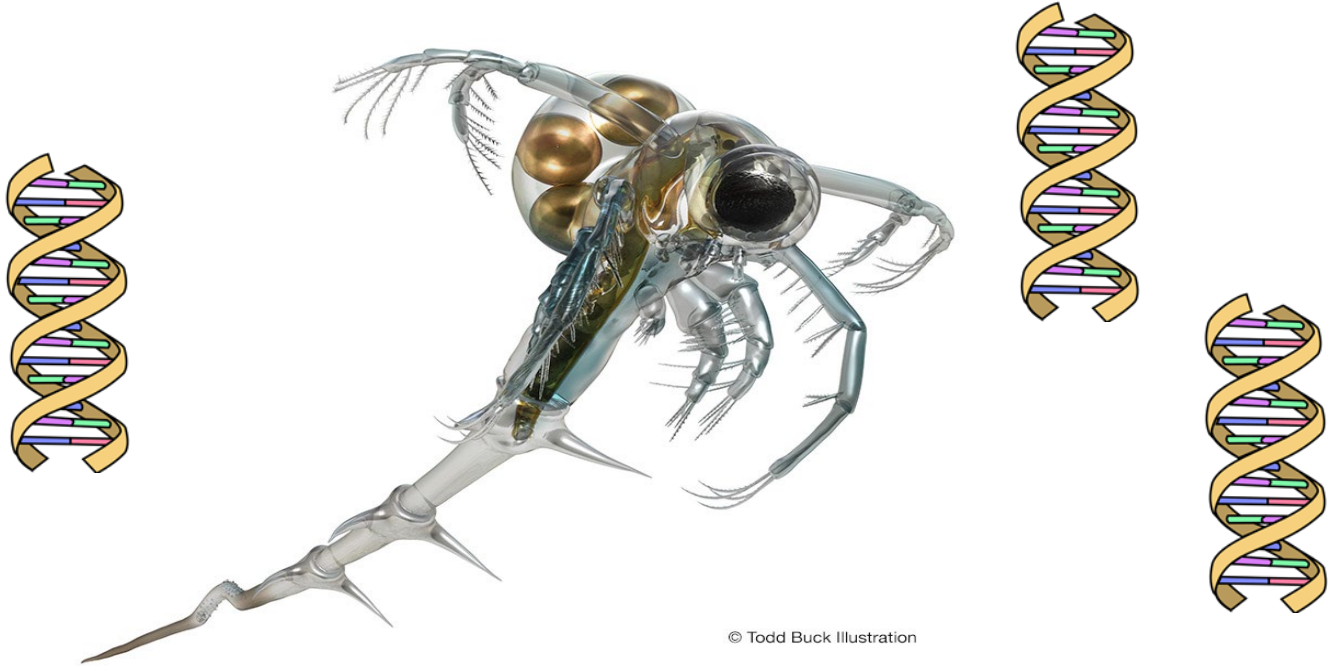


# Life stage affects population growth



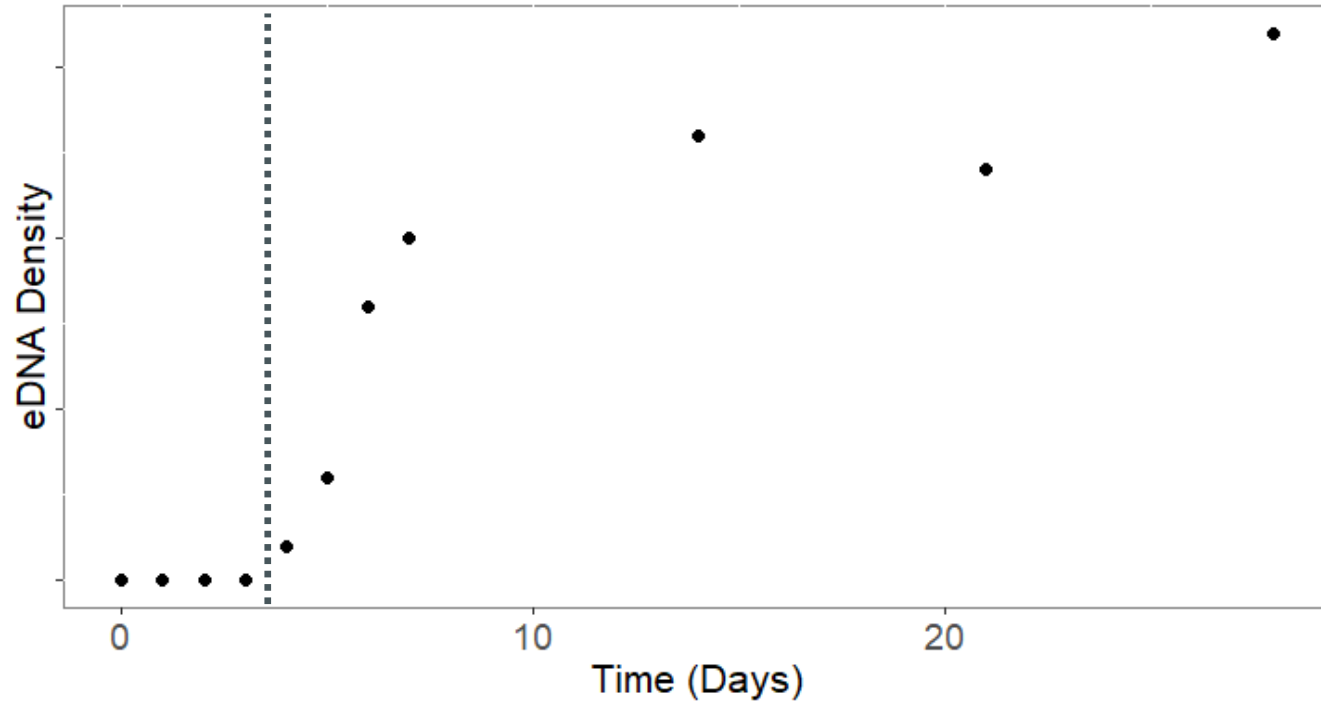


# Future questions: eDNA

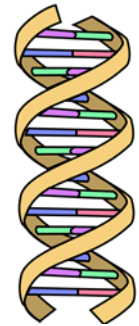


© Todd Buck Illustration

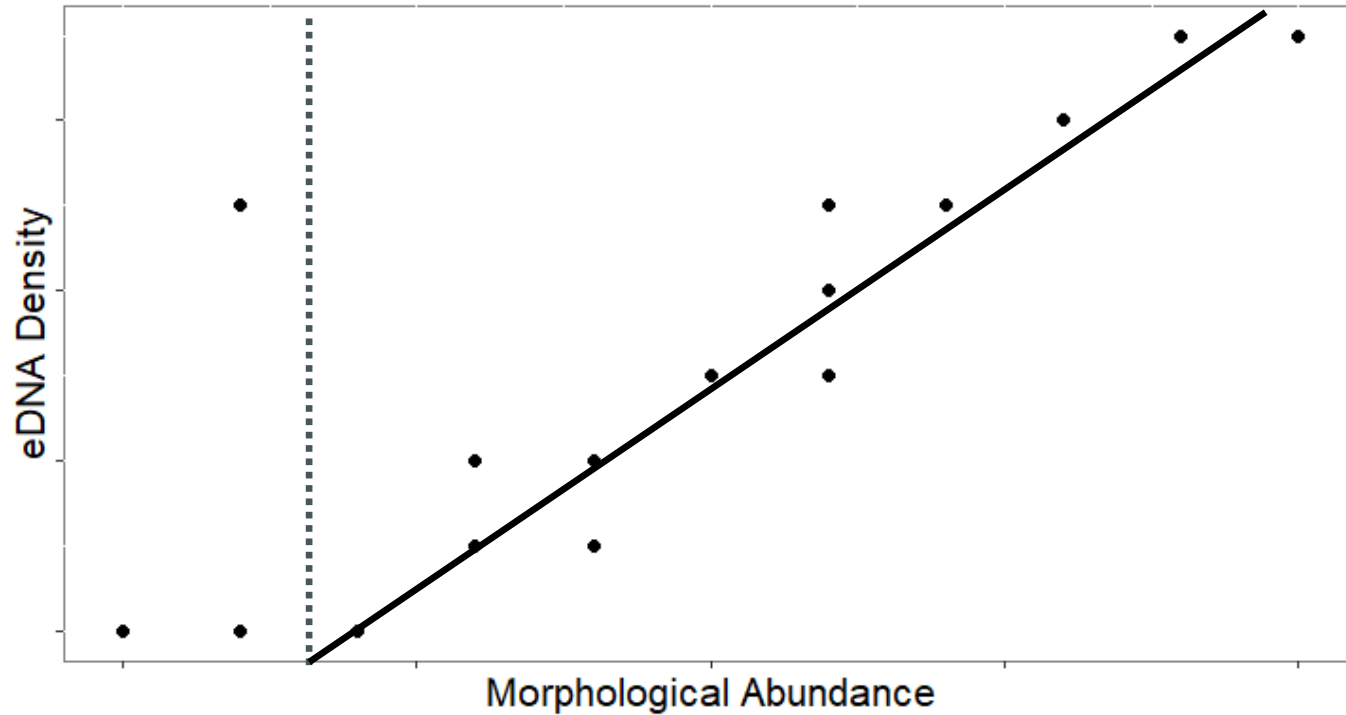
# Predictions: eDNA lag time to detection



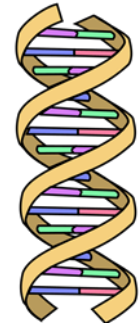
Hypothetical data



# Predictions: eDNA density can be calibrated to number of individuals



Hypothetical data



# Phase 3: Summer 2022

- How many individuals at an earlier life stage need to be introduced to get population growth?
- What is the eDNA signature for different spiny water flea life stages?

Life stage	1	5	10
1-barb		X	X
2-barb		X	X
3-barb	X	X	

↑  
Average  
clutch size

↑  
IMO Standard

# Conclusions

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- Mesocosm experiments can be used to determine reasonable thresholds of introduction in evaluating ballast treatment
- Develop eDNA tool for evaluating ballast treatment



# Acknowledgements

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Great Lakes  
RESTORATION



Great Waters  
Research Collaborative



LSRI

Est. 1967

Lake Superior  
Research Institute

Natural Resources  
Research Institute

UNIVERSITY OF MINNESOTA DULUTH

Driven to Discover



The State of  
Water



U.S. Department of Transportation

Maritime Administration

UNIVERSITY of WISCONSIN

Superior

# Time

