

# Identification of xenobiotic metabolites using in silico tools and non-targeted analysis

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### Guiding NTA with in silico predictions

Sample Preparation

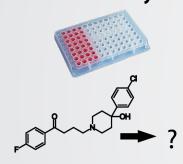
*In Silico* Data Generation

Data Acquisition

Data Processing

Data Analysis

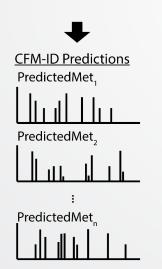
#### **In Vitro Assay**



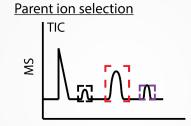
#### In Silico data

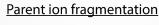
Aggregate Metabolite Predictions

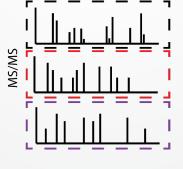




#### **Non-Targeted Analysis**



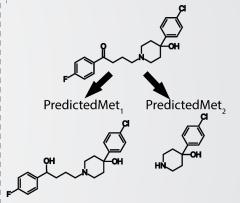




### Feature Selection & Data Cleaning

- 1) Peak Selection
- 2) Feature Identification
- 3) Data Cleaning

#### **Metabolite Assignment**





### *In vitro* assay

Sample Preparation

*In Silico* Data Generation

Data Acquisition

Data Processing

Data Analysis

#### **Metabolite Generation**

- Starting compounds metabolized via pooled primary human hepatocytes (10 donors)
  - Three time points: 0, 1, 4h
  - Three sample treatments: Supernatant (post lysis), B-glucuronidase treated, cell pellet
- Standards/Controls
  - Vehicle blank DMSO
    - Used as blank for MS analysis
  - Standard control Cell free solution with compound
    - Used to identify retention time window and mass error



### Compiling a suspect screening list

Sample Preparation

*In Silico* Data Generation

Data Acquisition

Data Processing

Data Analysis

#### **Known Metabolites**

- Pulled 438 metabolites from 49 papers
- Markush structures were enumerated

#### **Predicted Metabolites**

- Compiled predicted structures from:
  - TIMES
  - BioTransformer
  - QSAR Toolbox
  - Meteor Nexus
- 1,666 predictions in total





#### **Suspect Screening List**

- 1,808 unique structures used to generate *in silico* MS<sup>2</sup> spectra
- 490 unique molecular formulae for MS¹ formula assignment



### Generating database of in silico MS<sup>2</sup> spectra

Sample Preparation

*In Silico* Data Generation

Data Acquisition

Data Processing

Data Analysis

## Fragmentation spectra were generated for each predicted metabolite Competitive Fragmentation Modeling-ID (CFM-ID)

Metabolomics (2015) 11:98-110 DOI 10.1007/s11306-014-0676-4

ORIGINAL ARTICLE

Competitive fragmentation modeling of ESI-MS/MS spectra for putative metabolite identification

Felicity Allen · Russ Greiner · David Wishart

Received: 10 March 2014/Accepted: 14 May 2014/Published online: 5 June 2014 © Springer Science+Business Media New York 2014

#### Spectra were generated using CFM-ID

- Reference spectra were generated at three collision energies (CE)
- Data were stored in database to query against for comparisons
- Validated against CASMI datasets for HRMS identification DOI: 10.3390/metabo10060260
- Applied to ~700,000 chemicals in EPA's CompTox Dashboard DOI: 10.1038/s41597-019-0145-z



### MS<sup>1</sup> and MS<sup>2</sup> data collection

Sample Preparation

*In Silico* Data Generation

Data Acquisition

Data Processing

Data Analysis

#### LC-qTOF was used to collect high resolution MS<sup>1</sup> and MS<sup>2</sup> data

#### $MS^1$

- ESI+ and ESI-
- Range 100 1700 m/z
- Used to collect features for identification

#### $MS^2$

- Data-dependent acquisition (using suspect screening list)
- 1 replicate per treatment per time point
- Used to identify a feature's probable structure



### Data processing steps

Sample Preparation

*In Silico* Data Generation

Data Acquisition Data Processing

Data Analysis

#### MS<sup>1</sup>: Formula-level identification

MS¹ Data

Feature Extraction

& Alignment

Agilent Profinder

Molecular Formula
Identification

Agilent Mass Profiler
Professional

Data Cleaning
(EPA NTA WebApp)

Reproducibility Filtering, Feature Deduplication, Background Subtraction Output for data analysis



### Data processing steps

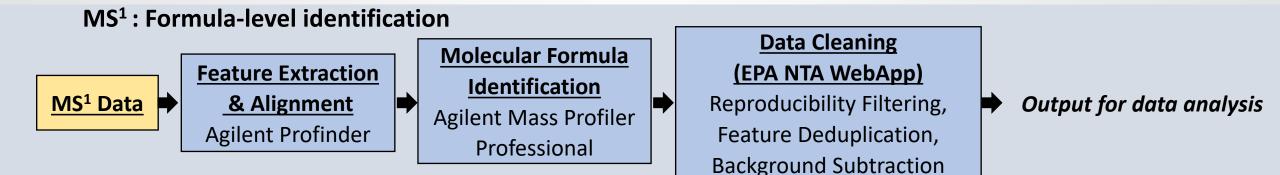
Sample Preparation

*In Silico* Data Generation

Data Acquisition

Data Processing

Data Analysis



#### Output of MS¹ processing: Annotated features

#### Suspect-Screening matches

- Identified using suspect list
- Molecular formula with suspected structural assignments

#### Features without suspect matches

- Formula proposed using Agilent's Molecular-Formula generator
- Formulae with no known structural assignments



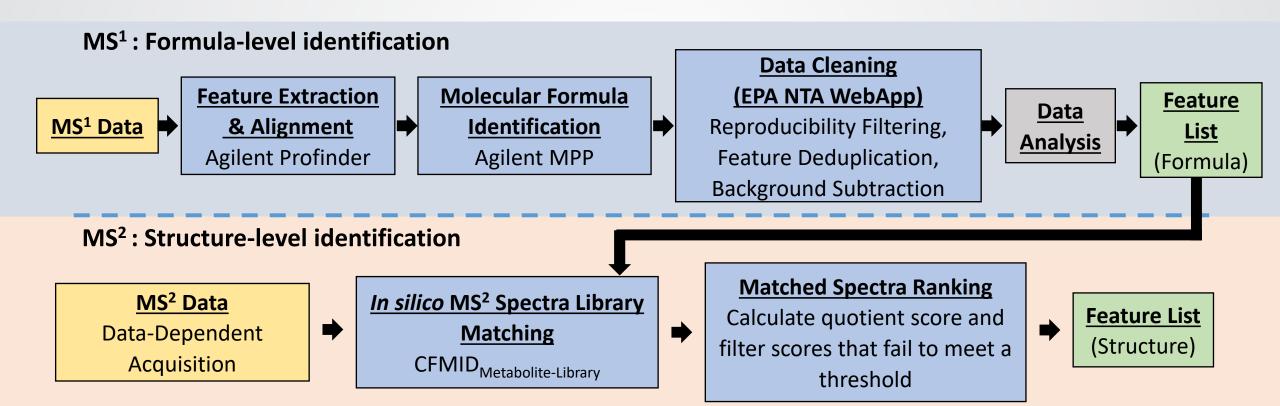
### Data processing steps

Sample Preparation

*In Silico* Data Generation

Data Acquisition Data Processing

Data Analysis





### Which parents have tentative metabolites?



- 4-Nitrotoluene
- Benzyl alcohol Acrylamide
  - **BDE-209**

- Lindane

- 2-Nitrotoluene
- Dieldrin
- o,p-DDT
- B-Hexachlorocyclohexane
  - **Benzyl Acetate** 
    - Acetone Benzoic acid

      - 4-Allylanilsole
- 2-Propanol
- 4-Methyl-2-Pentanol
- 4-Methyl-2-Pentanone
- Dapsone

Compound

- Naphthalene Butylated hydroxytoluene
  - 4-Nitroaniline
    - Bisphenol A
      - 2-Nitroaniline
- Methyl eugenol
  - Benzyl butyl phthalate
- 3-Nitroaniline
- Curcumin Celecoxib
- 3,5-Dinitroaniline
- Zileuton
- Sulindac 2-Amino-5-azotoluene

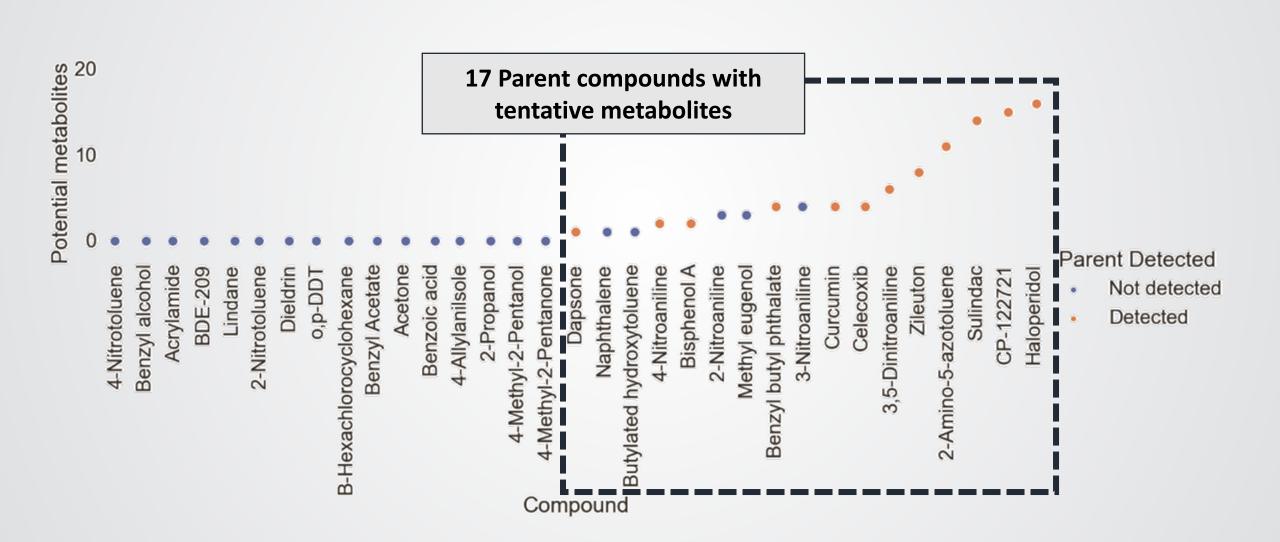
Haloperidol

CP-122721

- Detected
- Parent Detected Not detected



### Which parents have tentative metabolites?





### Which parents are being metabolized?

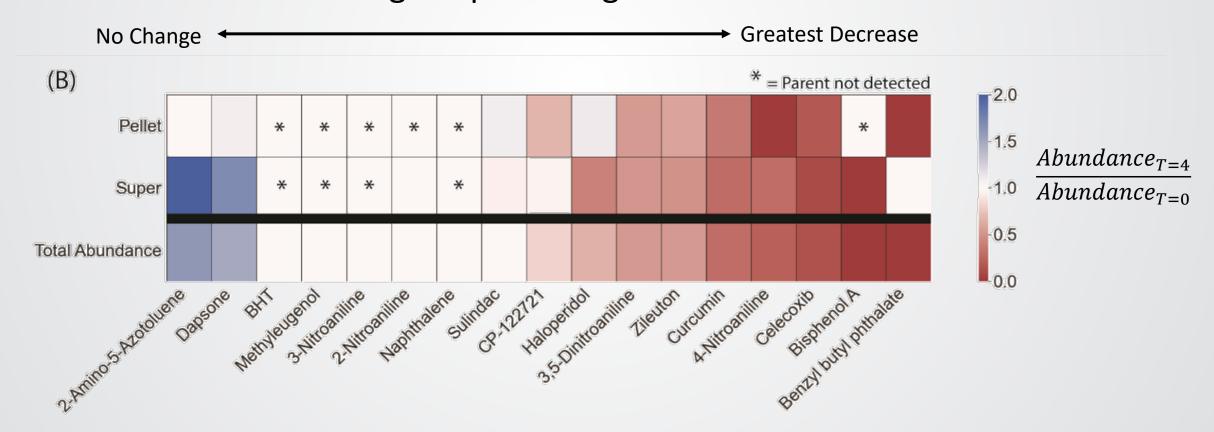
Sample Preparation

*In Silico* Data Generation

Data Acquisition Data Processing

Data Analysis

#### Relative change in parent signal over 4h





### Which parents are being metabolized?

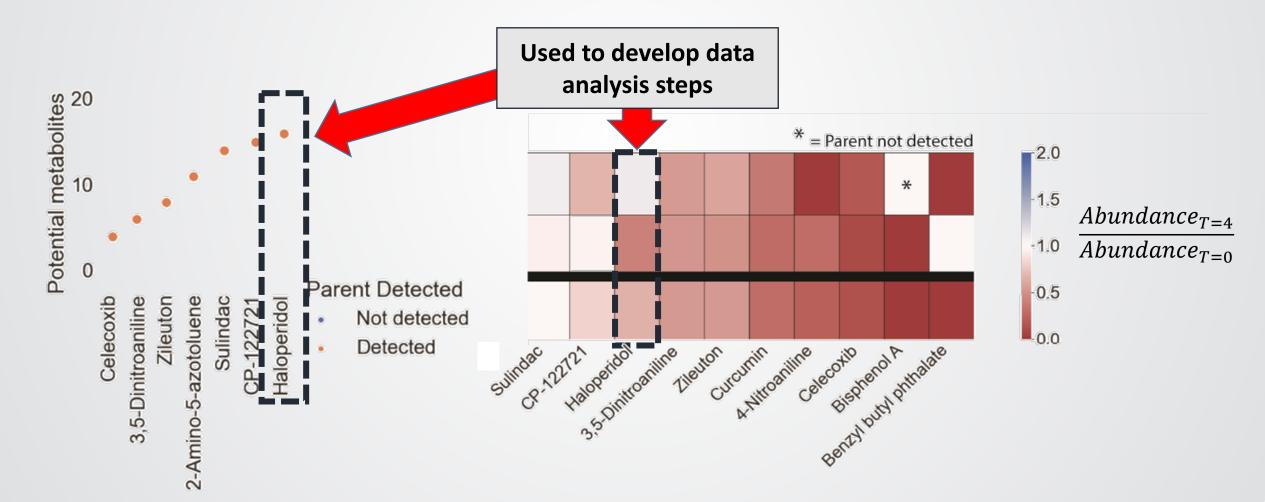
Sample Preparation

*In Silico* Data Generation

Data Acquisition

Data Processing

Data Analysis





Sample Preparation

*In Silico* Data Generation

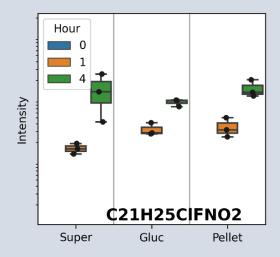
Data Acquisition

Data Processing

Data Analysis

#### MS<sup>1</sup> Analysis Workflow

1) Broad feature filtering



#### *Criteria for selecting features:*

- 1. Fold-change increase ≥ 1.5
- 2. Appears in a minimum of two time points



Sample Preparation

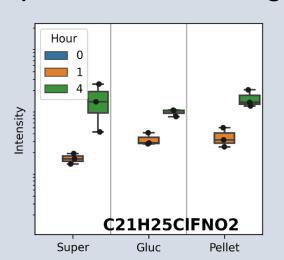
*In Silico* Data Generation

Data Acquisition Data Processing

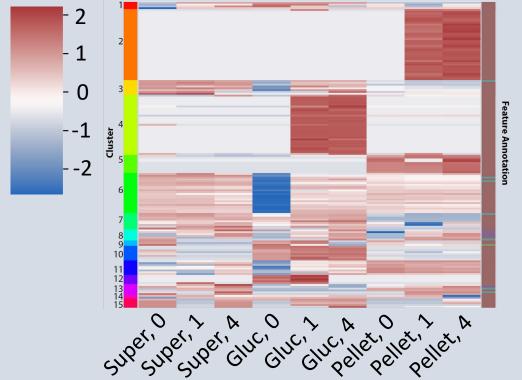
Data Analysis

#### MS<sup>1</sup> Analysis Workflow

1) Broad feature filtering



2) Cluster similar features



#### **Feature Annotation Source**

- Molecular Formula Generator
- Haloperidol (parent)
- Haloperidol metabolite
- Endogenous metabolites (human blood plasma)

#### Criteria for selecting features:

- 1. Fold-change increase ≥ 1.5
- 2. Appears in a minimum of two time points



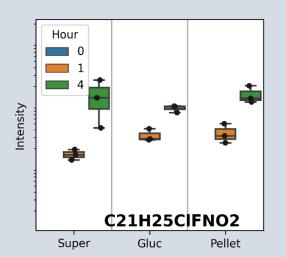
Sample Preparation

*In Silico* Data Generation Data Acquisition Data Processing

Data Analysis

#### MS<sup>1</sup> Analysis Workflow

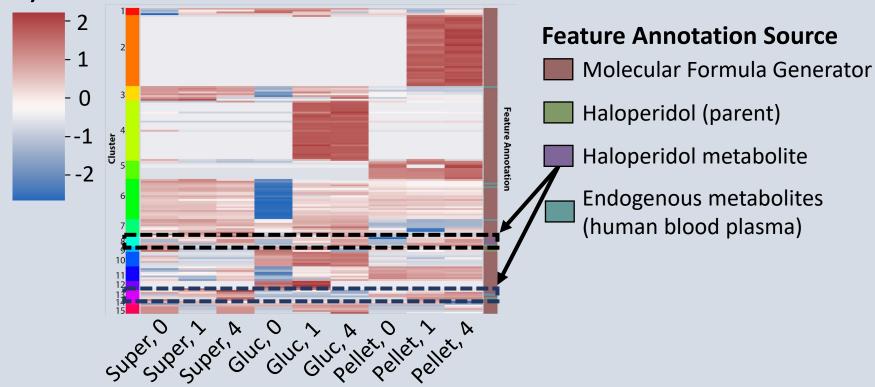
1) Broad feature filtering



Criteria for selecting features:

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- Appears in a minimum of two time points

2) Cluster similar features





Sample Preparation

*In Silico* Data Generation

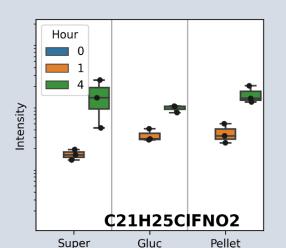
Data Acquisition

Data Processing

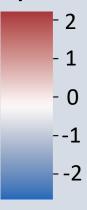
Data Analysis

#### MS<sup>1</sup> Analysis Workflow

1) Broad feature filtering

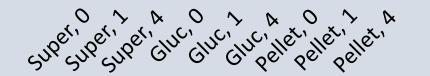


2) Cluster similar features

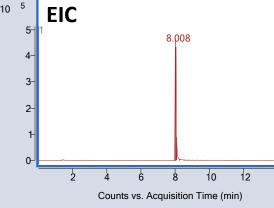


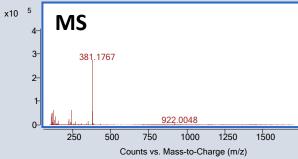
#### Criteria for selecting features:

- 1. Fold-change increase ≥ 1.5
- Appears in a minimum of two time points











### Assigning structure to features

Sample Preparation

*In Silico* Data Generation

Data Acquisition

Data Processing

Data Analysis

#### MS<sup>2</sup> Analysis Workflow

#### **CFM-ID Comparisons**

- 1. Precursor ions filtered using features from MS analysis
- 2. MS<sup>2</sup> data matched against CFM-ID database
- 3. CFM-ID matches ranked based on similarity values and normalized as a 'Q-Score' (ranging from 0 1)



### Assigning structure to features

Sample Preparation

*In Silico* Data Generation

Data Acquisition

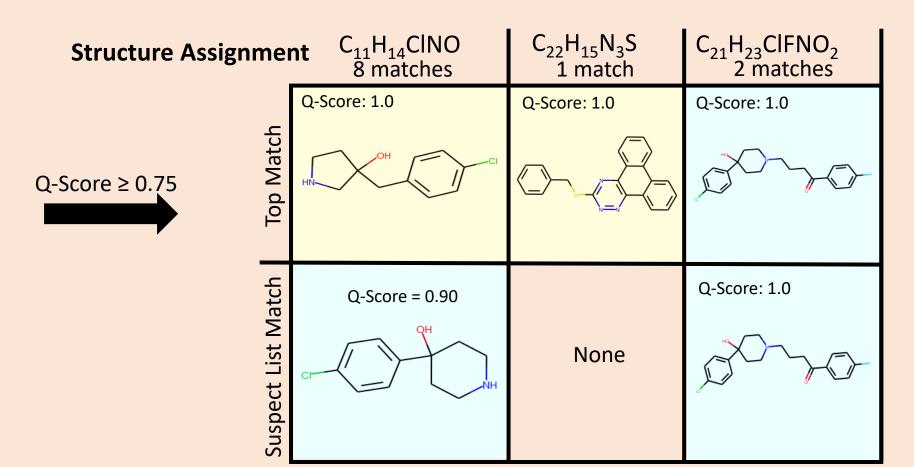
Data Processing

Data Analysis

#### MS<sup>2</sup> Analysis Workflow

#### **CFM-ID Comparisons**

- 1. Precursor ions filtered using features from MS analysis
- 2. MS<sup>2</sup> data matched against CFM-ID database
- CFM-ID matches ranked based on similarity values and normalized as a 'Q-Score' (ranging from 0 – 1)





### Metabolite identifications

Sample Preparation

*In Silico* Data Generation

Data Acquisition

Data Processing

Data Analysis

#### CFM-ID Match (level 2b):

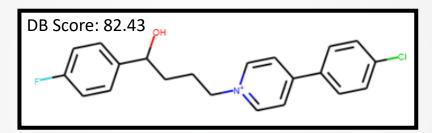
Q-Score: 1.0 DB Score: 98.17

Q-Score: 1.0 DB Score: 85.04

Q-Score: 1.0 DB Score: 98.43

Q-Score: 0.9 DB Score: 95.83

#### Suspect Match (level 3):

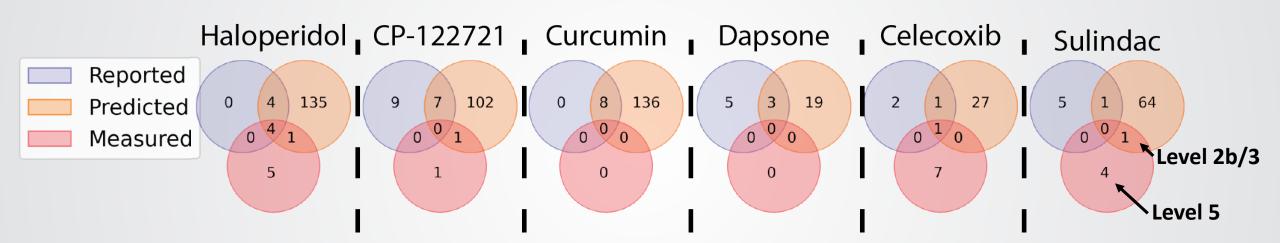


#### Predicted Formula (level 5):

- $C_9H_{13}CIN_2O_6$  (278.0816)
- C<sub>9</sub>H<sub>11</sub>NO<sub>3</sub> (181.0738)
- C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>10</sub>O<sub>3</sub> (130.0632)
- $C_{24}H_3ON_2O_{11}$  (522.1851)



### Distribution of tentative identifications



#### Summary:

- 3 metabolites not reported in literature, but identified via in silico tools
- 5 metabolites identified through all sources
- 17 features without known structures, but related to metabolites



### Acknowledgements

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- Nancy Baker
- Daniel Chang
- Elin Ulrich

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